Morning Oregonian.

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EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Special Session of the Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 8.—The legislature has been called to meet in extra session Tuesday, March 9th. Gov. Hendricks, in his proclamation, gives as reasons therefor the disagreement between the Senate and House at the present session, a failure to pass laws indispensable to the administration of the State Government, including revenue and general appropriation bills, and because thereof the public welfare requires a special session of the general assembly.

Railway Quarrel to be Compromised.

NEW YORK, March 8.—It is stated that the quarrel between the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania railroad companies, is in a fair way of settlement, and that a compromise will be probably agreed upon within a day or two.

The Snow Storm in the East.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 8.—The storm last night was the heaviest in many years. Nearly a foot and a half of snow fell, blockading five freight trains south of here.

Death of Mrs. Gerrit Smith.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Mrs. A. C. P. Smith, widow of the late Gerrit Smith, died at Peterboro, on Saturday, aged 71.

After the Black Hills Miners.

CHICAGO, March 8.—A special from Omaha says General Ord, commanding the district of Nebraska, has received information from Col. Bradley, commanding Fort Laramie, that the two men who arrived there from Black Hills report twenty men, one woman and one child in the Black Hills, terribly destitute of supplies and almost starving, their only resources being game, which is difficult to obtain on account of severe weather. Gen. Ord telegraphed Bradley to send troops with supplies for their relief, as soon as the weather will permit, and to bring them back. General Ord also orders the new expedition preparing to leave Sioux City for the Hills, to be stopped and compelled to return even if it becomes necessary to destroy their outfit. Gen. Sheridan has telegraphed Gen. Ord to clear the Black Hills of all miners and allow no more to enter.

CHICAGO, March 8.—A special says the President will at once issue stringent orders to prevent new expeditions from entering the Black Hills.

The Freshest Rumor.

CHICAGO, March 8.—A special to the *Tribune* reports that the freshest rumor is that Attorney-General Williams is to be nominated Minister to Russia, and ex-Senator Carpenter to be appointed Attorney General.

Snow at Wheeling.

WHEELING, Va., March 7.—A foot of snow fell here last night.

Travel Obstructed by the Storm.

BOSTON, March 8.—Traveling in back portions of New Hampshire, which was already bad, is made so much worse by the storm yesterday, that the aggregate vote in the State is likely to be reduced to-morrow.

Gold Taken Off the Market.

NEW YORK, March 8.—It is said that $1,000,000 in gold was taken out of the market Saturday, making the total held off the market ten millions.

SENATE—EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—In the Senate, Clayton submitted a resolution for the appointment of a committee of four members of the committee on Indian Territory, and three of the committee on Territories, to go to the Indian Territory and examine the condition of affairs, the manner in which justice is administered, the wants of the inhabitants, &c., the committee to report.

Ferry objected to the resolution as being legislative business.

On motion of Morton, the Senate took up the resolution for the admission of Pinchback as Senator from Louisiana, and Morton addressed the Senate in favor of his admission, repeating the arguments heretofore made.

Before Morton finished his argument the Senate went into executive session.

After a short executive session, the Senate adjourned.

Probabilities of Adjournment.

A number of Senators are of the opinion that, the Pinchback question being again under discussion, the session will continue two weeks, although they can see no propriety in discussing a matter so well understood, but they suppose some new Senators may desire to express their views. The Hawaiian treaty, they think, could be disposed of in less than two days and all nominations in a much shorter time.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Prof. Gilman Appointed a West Point Examiner.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Prof. Gilman has been appointed by the President one of the West Point Examiners for 1875.

Important Measures that Failed.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Among the measures of general interest before the late Congress, which failed, are the following: The general amnesty bill passed the House December, 1873, never considered in the Senate; a bill for the protection of elections, known as the "force bill," passed the House after ten days debate, but only reached the second reading in the Senate from an indisposition to permit a suspension of the *habeas corpus*; all the postal telegraph bills also failed; (Butler's bill for crushing country newspapers by forbidding reduced telegraph rates to country papers unless the same reduced rates are made to all other newspapers, never passed after the judiciary committee had taken testimony showing the utter falsehood of Butler's charges against the Western Union Telegraph Co., and Associated Press); bills to protect navigable waters of the United States from injury and obstructions; the French spoliation bill; one to establish a bureau of internal commerce; the pension bill for soldiers of the Mexican war; the Omaha bridge bill; McCreery's bill regulating commerce by railroads among the several States; the bill to repeal the pre-emption and homestead laws; and the bill for the admission of New Mexico as a State. The Northern Pacific and all other railroad aid bills failed, except a few granting simply right of way.

The Sutro Tunnel Controversy.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Jeremiah S. Black, attorney for Adolph Sutro, has been reinforced this week by ex-Congressman Shellabarger, of Ohio, and Wilson, of Indiana, and strong arguments are being made by this combined force of legal talent to induce Commissioner Burdett to decide that all patents for mineral lands on lodes, claimed to be branches of the Comstock lode, shall contain the Sutro tunnel royalty clause. Vigorous efforts are also being made to procure a prompt decision; but the commissioner has promised Senators Jones and Sargent that he will not take any final action until they have been heard, which will probably be the latter part of the week. Sutro is making a strong point by filing with the commissioner plats of various mining claims near Virginia and Gold Hill, all of which show that the various mining companies at Dayton, Silver City, Flowery District, Devil's Gate and other points, have claimed to be on the Comstock, and with other evidence, in addition to what has been prepared specially by Sutro's agents, he claims that the department cannot avoid bringing them under the provisions of his act.

Nominations by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The President has nominated Godlove S. Orth, minister to Austria, and Horace Maynard, minister to Turkey; ex-member of Congress, C. C. Sheets, of Alabama, sixth auditor of the treasury, vice J. J. Martin; appointed postmaster at Montgomery.

Nomination for Chief Justice of Montana.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The President has nominated D. S. Wade, for chief justice of Montana.

The Compromise Accepted by Louisiana Conservatives.

Representative Wheeler received this morning from New Orleans his articles of adjustment, signed by 44 members of the Conservative caucus—an ample number to secure the desired result. He at once telegraphed Governor Kellogg to forward, by express to New York, the papers now in the office of the secretary of State, which were used in the contested cases before the returning board in November last. The referees will meet on Thursday next at the office of Wm. W. Phelps, New York, and proceed with the hearing.

Arranging Committees.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Republican caucus committee have completed the arrangement of the standing committees. The Democrats are filling blanks assigned them. The list is subject to the approval of the caucus, and liable to be changed before submitted to the Senate.

Places of Pacific Coast Senators on Committees.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The Pacific coast Senators will be given places on the Senate committees this session, as follows: Sargent remains on the appropriations and naval affairs, is promoted to the chairman of mines and mining, and becomes a member of the railroad committee; Booth is given a place on the public lands, pensions and manufactures; Jones remains on the postoffices, becomes chairman of the committee on contingent expenses, and is given a place on the finance committee; Sharon is assigned to the mines and mining and Territories committees; Mitchell remains on the privileges and elections, claims and transportation committees, and is also placed on the railroad committee; Kelly, like all other Democrats, is yet to be assigned places by the minority, but will doubtless remain on the public lands, etc., and perhaps have additional position.

The Republican senators held a caucus this afternoon to receive the report of the caucus committee appointed to revise the membership [illegible]. The Senate list was read through and after sundry members had expressed preference for different assignments the report was recommitted for the purpose of making some changes and will be presented to an adjourned meeting of caucus to-morrow for final action. The following chairmanships may, however, be considered settled: Conkling, commerce; Hamlin, postoffice and post roads; Wright, claims; Spencer, District of Columbia; Hitchcock, Territories; West, railroads; Sargent, mines and mining; Boutwell, civil service and retrenchment; Jones, contingent expenses. Jones will be given a place on the finance committee and Kernan will also be placed on the finance committee to succeed Fenton. The chairmanship of other important committees, being occupied by Senators who hold over, will not be changed.

THE TILTON-BEECHER TRIAL.

Some More Letters Discovered.

NEW YORK, March 8.—On Friday night as Deacon Ovington was getting ready to go to Europe, a clerk from Morris & Pearsall's office served him with a subpœna to produce two letters that were written Friday night, July 18th, one sent to Monroe place, where the Plymouth Church investigating committee were in session, and the other to Mrs. Tilton at her house in Livingstone street. Early next day Ovington assured ex-Judge Fullerton that if any letters had been written, his wife wrote them, and that she would respond to the subpœna; and he was allowed to go away to Europe, and his wife is to be subpœnaed. The fact that the letters were sent was discovered through a search of the books of the American District Telegraph Company.

Tilton told his counsel it was his greatest puzzle to know why Elizabeth was transformed in six hours, because he had left her at home happy when he went to the committee meeting, and had found her sleeping when he returned, and was awakened next morning by her farewell words. He told his counsel of his dilemma, and after every sort of reasoning, they concluded to search the books of the American District Telegraph Company. They found that on Friday night a note had been sent to Dr. Storrs at 34 Monroe place, and an answer obtained, and one sent to Mrs. Tilton.

Another Lie Nailed.

NEW YORK, March 8.—James Redpath publishes a card, saying: "Tilton did not send me the manuscript of his 'True Story' to have it surreptitiously published in New England. I never had the remotest intention of publishing it. I have not been summoned as a witness for the defense. When Morris said, in his opening speech, that I acted as Beecher's agent to get my friend, Frank Moulton, out of the case, he states what he cannot prove true. I acted without Beecher's knowledge."

The Sick Juror.

Crape on the door-bell knob of the residence of Jeffreys, the juror, who was sick Thursday, caused a commotion among those who deplore any interruption of the scandal trial, but inquiry showed it was Mr. Plant, a boarder, who died of chronic neuralgia. Jeffreys is perfectly well.

Plymouth Church.

Beecher received fourteen new members into Plymouth church yesterday. He closed the benediction with the words, "Grace, mercy and peace be with you all."

General Proceedings.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Proceedings in the Beecher trial were resumed this morning with the usual crowd seeking admittance. No one was allowed to enter, however, after the seats were filled. Among those present this morning was Bessie Turner. Mrs. Tilton was not in court.

Mrs. Putnam's Testimony—Continued.

Mrs. Putnam resumed her place on the stand. The examination is continued by Shearman.

The witness testified to being a member of Dr. Storr's Church; had very little acquaintance with Beecher; met him at Tilton's two or three times. Tilton once gave witness a photograph of Beecher from a number in a small box. Had seen books in Tilton's library with Beecher's autograph in them.

Witness then returned to the scene at Southport, Conn., when Tilton was apologizing for his moody fits. He said they were beyond his control; that it was one of the penalties inflicted; that as soon as he got home these moods would leave him; or that he could address an audience they would leave him. He did shortly after address an audience and became himself again. Tilton twice told witness that he would rather hold the position of editor of the *Independent* than any other, and Mrs. Tilton also said it would break Theodore's heart to leave his position on the *Independent*. Tilton once took witness' advice about sending Bessie Turner to school at the New York Academy, and spoke in high terms of her musical capacity.

Witness testified at some length in regard to Tilton's expressions of indifference to church-going and his apparently growing irreligious tendencies. Witness then testified that Bessie Turner came to her house at Marietta, Ohio, in 1870, and stayed till Mrs. Tilton came, October 3d of the same year. Mrs. Tilton returned to New York the 3d of Nov. following. While at witness' house, she allowed witness to read a portion of Tilton's letter to her. Witness was asked if she read a letter from Tilton to his wife stating his fear that he would lose his situation on the Brooklyn *Union*. Counsel for the prosecution objected and the court sustained the objection and declined to hear Evarts argue the point, saying that subject was well understood. Shearman then began to question the witness in regard to the answer to this letter, but Beach objected to this course, saying it was an attempt to smuggle in evidence after objection. Shearman demurred to this expression, and the court reproved Beach for it, but stopped Shearman's examination in this direction. Shearman then began to question the witness with reference to the effect of this letter on Mrs. Tilton, but the prosecution objected, and the court sustained the objection.

She was cross-examined by Fullerton. Witness was questioned with regard to the beginning and extent of her acquaintance with Mrs. Tilton, and repeated her statements made on direct examination. Witness testified she had been staying at 315 Greene street, Brooklyn, the past eight weeks. She came at Shearman's summons. Bessie Turner was not stopping at the same house, but is living with Mrs. Morse, where witness saw her. Witness did not talk with Bessie about what she (witness) would testify. Witness was shown a letter and asked if it was the one she compared with the letter at Marietta. She replied she could not answer the question, and added: "I saw this manuscript in the handwriting of Mrs. Tilton at Marietta." The letter was marked and put in evidence. Witness didn't know if this letter was sent by mail. Witness first heard of the scandal through the Woodhull publication. Had heard rumors of the difficulty before. First heard of it from Mrs. Tilton, in October, 1870. She felt it was a great outrage. She never felt angry with Dr. Storrs for his action in the matter, but thought his course, in calling the Congregational council was unwise. Witness was handed and identified a letter as one written by herself. She remembered writing the words expressing herself angry with the two churches. Fullerton proposed to read the letter. Evarts objected, but the court, after ascertaining that counsel proposed to use it as a contradiction of the witness, admitted it. It was addressed to Mrs. Tilton, and opened by returning thanks for the last number of the *Golden Age*; then proceeded to speak of her excitement on learning of the difficulty, declaring she felt sorry for Beecher, and angry with the two churches and Drs. Buddington and Storrs. The letter was dated April 7, 1874.

In answer to a question by the court, witness said her anger was against the two churches for the part they had taken against Beecher.

The court here took the usual recess.

NEW YORK, March 8.—After recess Mrs. Putnam identified several letters written by her. She then left the stand. Shearman called

Anna Augusta Moore.

She testified she resides in Brooklyn; had known Mr. and Mrs. Tilton almost 15 years. When boarding at Mr. Richards' their marital relations were then very happy. Witness thought she observed a change in Tilton's evangelical ideas three years after she knew him. The change caused great suffering to Mrs. Tilton. He discontinued family worship, but his wife carried it on. He was an irregular attendant at church, and witness often discussed this with him. His conduct to his wife was very changeable. He said man and woman should not live together a moment after they ceased to take pleasure in each other. He began to bring in Stephen Pearl Andrews, and people of that class, about 1870, and Mrs. Tilton objected to this. Sometimes he would treat his wife with caresses and tell her how lovely and beautiful she was, and at other times he would quarrel with her and stay out until midnight. The only fault with Mrs. Tilton was her idolatry to him.

Cross-examination—Mrs. Tilton never expressed regret at having married him, but every regret for him. He refused to take her to any places of amusement, and once refused to accompany them to a lecture by Wendell Phillips. Witness made a roar of laughter by describing how Tilton brushed up against his wife on the way home, nearly knocking her down. Witness knew Tilton came late because she slept with Mrs. Morse, who would waken her when he returned, generally saying, "There, 2 o'clock again." He was then one of the editors of the *Independent*. Witness asserted his faults and Mrs. Tilton excused them. Witness had been a member of Plymouth church 16 years, and had taken deep interest in this controversy; had talked with Mr. Hill about it, but not with Beecher.

Re-direct by Tracy—Thought the fire in the house went out for want of coal, which Tilton didn't order when asked. Had found Mrs. Tilton alone twice at lectures. This concluded her testimony.

Tracy called Mrs. Oakley as the next witness, but Jeffrey, juror, complained of feeling faint, and the court adjourned for the day.

Retirement of Legal Tenders.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Secretary Bristow directed the retirement of $1,385,000 legal tenders, being 80 per cent. of the national bank circulation issued under the new currency bill. There will be no change in the amount outstanding until to-morrow.

The *Post's* special says: "On all sides we hear compliments for Secretary Bristow. Instead of selling gold, he has kept within the law, guarding the sinking fund, and made possible an increase of $30,000,000 of gold in this market within the next three months, and that, in addition to the regular and known disbursements, the withdrawal of legal tenders to the amount of 80 per cent. of the new bank notes issued, while only carrying out law, gives equal satisfaction. On the whole, we hear, many regrets expressed that Secretary Bristow could not have been in the treasury during the time his present position was occupied by Boutwell and Richardson."

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Pope and the Civil Authorities.

LONDON, March 8.—A Berlin dispatch says the Pope has permitted the Austrian bishops to comply with the law which requires that the authorities be notified of the names of priests appointed to livings. This is considered as evidence that the Pope is actuated by political motives, as resistance by the Prussian bishops, which he encourages, to a similar law is the principal cause of the recent trouble with the Catholic Church.

The convention between Spain and the United States for the settlement of the *Virginius* affair has been signed.

Exchanging Prisoners.

LONDON, March 8.—The Alfonsists and Carlists are exchanging prisoners.

Bank of England Statement.

LONDON, March 8.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day was £150,000, all for the United States.

Liberty of the Press.

PARIS, March 8.—An order forbidding the sale of the *Nineteenth Century* newspaper has been issued.

Shipwreck and Loss of Life.

LONDON, March 8.—Many women and children were drowned by the wreck of the steamship *Gottenberg* in Bass strait, between Australia and Van Diemen's Land.

NEW FOUNDLAND.

Temporary Burial.

HALIFAX, March 8.—A St. Johns, N. F., dispatch says the bodies of over forty persons who died there this winter have been temporarily interred in the snow, which lies in such quantities as to prevent the opening of graves.

THE TERRITORIES.

Walla Walla is about to organize an emigrant aid society.

Billy Bishop, a boy in the Helena telegraph office, has fallen heir to $25,000.

Utah and Montana seem just now to be afflicted with very unpopular governors.

The special March term of the district court of Walla Walla began on Monday last.

Rawlins, Wyoming, is going to build a $45,000 county jail, and calls for bids and specifications.

Emmett Culbreth, the forger, has been remanded back to the United States Marshal from Utah.

Work has been resumed on the Ogden Iron Works, and the company purpose pushing them through to early completion.

Two Helena miners named Patrick Rock and Patrick Kelley, got into a quarrel about who should cook breakfast, when Rock stabbed Kelley with a butcher knife, from the effect of which he died in fifteen minutes.

No appropriation has yet been made for land surveys in Utah this year. Last year Montana received $40,000 for that purpose, while Utah was put off with half the amount, yet there are two acres of agricultural land in this territory to Montana's one.

The Walla Walla *Spirit* learns that one-bent of the railroad bridge across the Touchet was carried away by the ice on Saturday last. It floated down a hundred yards or more and was there cabled to a tree. The track remained in its place and the damage is considered slight.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says: "We know of one prophecy, and only one, of Brigham Young, that has been fulfilled. That was made here in 1857, when he foretold that the Arkansas emigrants would never leave this territory alive. The gift of prophecy was immortalized at Mountain Meadows."

Winter don't "linger in the lap of spring" at Walla Walla, but flies in the vernal maiden's face. The *Spirit*, of last week says: It has been a constant struggle between sunshine and rain. It has blowed and snowed and rained all in the same hour, while ever and anon the sun comes out as beautiful and bright as on a May day morning.

The ice blockade remains at Wallula, without any apparent signs of breaking up. The river is still very low. The late rise in the small tributaries has had but little effect toward raising the Columbia, it being but a mere drop in the bucket. The ice broke away four or five days ago and opened a channel for a mile or two above Wallula, but it crowded down again from above and made a new jam in front of the town, extending away above the mill, and on Tuesday of last week it still extended from bank to bank.

The Walla Walla *Spirit*, of the 5th inst., says: "The Railroad Company had a crew of forty men at work in the vicinity of Wallula since last Monday a week ago. The bridges near Wallula are said to be all right, and have escaped unharmed from the floating ice. The two bridges over the Walla Walla river there are about completed and ready for the ties. The policy of the company, we learn, is to push forward the work with all possible dispatch. The road-bed from the sawmill down to Wallula is about ready for the ties."

The Seattle *Intelligencer*, of the 3rd inst., says: "There was a report current on the street yesterday, to the effect that the Seattle Coal Company had entered into a contract with the Central Pacific Railway Company to supply them with coal for a period of three years, to the extent of 5,000 tons a month, and that Capt. Blair, the owner of a large number of vessels plying on this northern route, having secured the contract for its transportation, would immediately put his vessels on the route between there and San Francisco."

Robeson, the celebrated diamond mine swindler, came to Walla Walla last fall sick, as everybody thought, nigh unto death, and without friends. He was kept in town at the expense of the county. A few days ago the county let the paupers' keeping out on contract, and the contractor proposed taking them into the country a short distance. Mr. Robeson expressed a huge disgust at the arrangement and deliberately walked to the stage office, where he "pungled" the amount necessary for the purchase of a ticket to Chicago. Whether he had money when he came, received it from the East, or has succeeded in again humbugging some over-credulous individual, is not definitely known; but it is said that he had plenty of money when he left. At all events, it must be admitted that he has again played his cards pretty well.

The *Spirit* says: "It has been surmised that the loss of horned stock would be very heavy in Walla Walla valley; but we have received some reliable information from the Snake river country to the effect that there is scarcely a dead animal to be seen in a day's ride. On the contrary, cattle that have run on that range all winter without care look reasonably well. This may be accounted for in two ways. First, the snow was not so deep; second, the grass a little way up from the river is much less grazed upon. The accounts from the Tukanon and Pataha creeks are not so flattering, as large steers are said to be reeling around, just about enough alive to be called so, and but little more. The loss of horses uncared for is very trifling. One large mule train, running between Snake river and the Touchet, lost two mules that were very old and poor when turned out last fall. The rest have done well and have had no feed during the cold weather."

The plunderers of the people in Charleston are not to have so easy a victory over the courageous newspaper which originally exposed them as they at first imagined. Their plan was completely to crush the *News and Courier*, an excellent journal, which has been foremost in the work of reform in the State; and as they have every facility for packing juries, they believed that they would be able to suppress free speech. But the editors of the newspaper find that a popular movement in their behalf has begun among honest Republicans and Conservatives. Considerable sums of money have been subscribed to enable the paper to keep up the good fight, and the approaching trial of the editors will probably elicit so much truth about the corrupt Charleston Ring that its members will be glad to yield, and bide themselves as quickly as possible.—*N. Y. Times.*

Thirty-seven head of stall-fed steers were sold in King's valley, the other day, for $40 each.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—The schooner yacht *Peerless* sailed yesterday for Honolulu and Samoan Islands, having on board a Samoan princess and Mr. Latrobe, private secretary to Colonel Steinberger, United States Commissioner, to the Samoan Islands. Colonel Steinberger, who left with King Kalakaua on the U. S. steamer, may proceed in the same vessel to the Samoan group. The *Peerless* will doubtless be a present to the King of the Samoan Islands, and interest is attached to her departure, in view of the probability of close connection with the project of annexation of the islands.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer *Colima* sailed at noon to-day for Panama, via Acapulco and Punta Arenas, carrying 72 passengers, 33 in the cabin, $2,419,003 treasure, and 614 tons merchandise.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—Thomas Nolan has been on trial to-day in the 15th district court, on a charge of causing the death of Margaret O'Connor, by throwing her off of a balcony in Bull Run alley, August 30th last. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death, but subsequently the grand jury indicted Nolan for the murder. It is expected the case will go to the jury during the evening.

The steamer *Mare Island*, running to Berkeley, to-day burst her cylinder, and after drifting about the bay some time, was towed in.

The North Pacific Coast Railroad Company have agreed upon terms for the acceptance of the San Rafael Railroad. The papers have not yet been signed, but the measure will be shortly consummated.

John L. Sumner, merchant of this city, was committed to the Insane Asylum to-day. He created such a disturbance at the Grand Hotel yesterday that an officer arrested him. The supposed cause of his insanity is spiritualism.

It is rumored that another wrestling match is to be made between Bauer and Vandervelken.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—Sheriff Morse and other Oaklanders who have purchased a ranche near Clayton, are prospecting on the land for quicksilver, with good indications.

Greenbacks 87½@88 selling.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—Ophir 116, Mexican 33, B & B 49½, H & N 45, Imperial 7⅞, Kentuck 15, Confidence 17, California 63¼, Overman 55½, Union Con 93, Julia 5½, Baltimore 9½, Savage 128, Point 28½, Empire Mill 6¼, Alpha 17, Con Virginia 470, Seg Belcher 90, Justice 78, Lady Bryan 9½, Knickerbocker 4½, Curry 18½, Chollar 61, Jucket 82, G H Quartz 3, Belcher 31½, Sierra Nevada 14¾, Exchequer 180, Succor 1¾, Caledonia 20¼, Globe 2¼.

EVENING BOARD—Valley 7¾, American Flat 21, Chief Hill 1¾, Webfoot 1, Mansfield 15, Mahogany 10½, Empire Idaho 3½, Utah 6¾, Dayton 3, Occidental 4¼, Woodville 4¼, Kossuth 32, Andes 8¾, Cosmopolitan 55c, Raymond 52½, Pioche 4½, Rye Patch 3¾, Eureka G V 4, G Chariot 5¼, South Chariot 2¾, Poorman 5, Silver Hill 7, Rock Island 4, Phil Sheridan 1½, Mint 60c, O G Hill 3¾, Wells Fargo 37c, Leviathan 1½, Eureka Con 16, Belmont 6¾, Newark 1¼, Chariot M 1½, Elmore 3½, War Eagle 3¼, Bullion 29¾, Challenge 6, N Y Con 2¾, American Flat 6¼, Lady Washington 1½, Jake Little 2, Niagara 85c.

Interior California.

SAN DIEGO, March 8.—Freighting goes forward briskly. The roads are lined with teams carrying merchandise, lumber, etc., for interior settlements.

The corn crop in the valley will largely exceed that of last season, according to present indications.

Tia Juana valley will also produce a good crop of tobacco.

From San Luis Rey valley we have most encouraging accounts for farmers, bee-keepers and sheep owners.

SAN DIEGO, March 8.—Matters at Julian mines are going on lively. Prosperity is evident on all hands. Not only the miners but the farmers in the vicinity of Banner and Julian are in the best of spirits over the outlook.

NEVADA.

A Shooting Affray.

WINNEMUCCA, March 8.—A shooting affray occurred on Main street this afternoon, which came near being fatal to one of the parties. The dispute grew out of some business matters. One of the parties was an ex-freight conductor on the C. P. R. R., named Wm. Huff, the other, Wm. Peck, who has gained some notoriety as a three-carder. At the time of the shooting they were near each other talking, when Huff suddenly drew a pistol. Peck, being unarmed, called for assistance. Several men started, but before reaching them Huff fired. The bullet cut Peck's neck, tore away part of his shirt collar and lodged in his shoulder. Peck knocked Huff down. A great crowd gathered, when Huff was arrested by the Sheriff and has an examination to-night.

UTAH.

Misrepresentations of Gov. Axtell.

SALT LAKE, March 8.—There have been published in this city for the last 30 days incessant attacks upon Gov. Axtell, the newly appointed governor, who has been in the Territory about that length of time; also charges had been telegraphed to the press in regard to him, which he asserts are false in every particular. It is not believed there is any dissatisfaction among the public with regard to his course.

Judge and Attorney.

On Thursday, March 4th, attorney George E. Whitney had a disagreement with Judge McKean, during a session of court, and after its adjournment, as the judge was leaving the room, said: "If you mean to say what I said was false, you lie." To-day an order was read in court that Geo. E. Whitney pay a fine of $100; that he is forbidden to practice his profession in this court until in open court, at such time as shall suit the convenience of this court, he shall in person in writing make an unequivocal acceptable apology for the contempt of court; that in default of such payment and apology, within one month, he be disbarred.

Jail Delivery.

SALT LAKE, March 8.—Last night there was another escape of prisoners from the penitentiary. The parties were: John Goodman, indicted for assault to kill; Geo. Lewis, gambling; Chas. Williamson and John Smith, stealing from a dead man; Chas. Buckley, assault to kill; T. E. Ricks, indicted for murder and polygamy, and W. H. Dame, indicted for connection with the Mountain Meadow massacre, and Shafer, under sentence of death for murder, refused to leave.

ARIZONA.

YUMA, March 8.—A petition to the secretary of war is in circulation, asking for the construction of a military telegraph line from Yuma via Castle Dome, Ehrenburg, Colorado reservation, to Fort Mohave.

MARICOPA WELLS, March 8.—A party of five Frenchmen passed here yesterday bound for Prescott and the upper country, on a prospecting tour.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

LACONNER, March 8.—Henry Newton, a native of New Orleans, for a long time a resident of this Territory and engaged in developing the oyster beds of the Sammish, died suddenly last night. Deceased was aged about forty years. He will be buried by the settlers to-morrow at Whatcom.

LONDON, March 1.—The cost of the British Arctic expedition is estimated at £98,000 sterling, including the price of the vessels and three years stores. Experienced navigators consider the present season as an unusually favorable one for the enterprise. It is thought that the German expedition, now in course of organization at Bremen, will succeed in obtaining the government aid.

BILL KING.

THE REAL KING OF THE LOBBY—HOW HE COLLECTED HIS DUCATS—HIS BLOODED CATTLE AND HIS NUMEROUS HERDS—WHY ORDWAY WOULD NOT SERVE HIM WITH A SUBPŒNA—A FELLOW FEELING MADE THEM WONDROUS KIND.

Bill King, I affirm, without fear of contradiction, has made more money than any go-between in Washington. He has made very nearly one million dollars. A keen, comprehensive business man, inured to fatigue, tried to necessity, taking chances with diminishing nerve—for the lobby is the hall of conscience, where all that walk so boldly are only disguising cowardice—Bill King moved on the upper level of public life. He threw himself and his money to elect other men, and, if he had nothing, would borrow for a candidate rather than not create an obligation in his breast. Equally formidable and persevering as an enemy, he stamped out Ignatius Donnelly to raise up Billy Windom, and in the Fort Snelling steal, the Northern Pacific Credit Mobilier, the Sioux massacre claims, the St. Anthony improvement, and the Pacific Mail, he was a wholesale merchant driving on the box.

"You can't put down King," said the commissioner of pensions to me a month ago. "Up in our State he is recognized as a tireless business man, ready with his money, going it strong. He puts up more money in politics than any ten men in the State. He always has the support of our delegation."

To look at Bill King he is a fattish, soft, ill-favored man, with a cast in his bluish gray eyes, a nervous look of alertness, and a rather sensual, indulgent, coarse type of features. He is, say, forty-eight to fifty-two years old, and raised in the interior of New York, where he was a bankrupt sixteen years ago. Striving to be resuscitated as an insurance agent, his cheek was hardened, his plausibility kept in practice, and he learned hard lessons of life and riches. Finally he removed to Minneapolis, a young city at the Falls of the Mississippi, and started a newspaper. His wife boarded the compositors and willingly slaved for him. The newspaper, in course of time, made him postmaster of the House of Representatives—an humble office, but in the minds of men supremely great the postoffice is mightier than the Senate. For years I looked at Bill King as a mere political menial on $2,500 a year.

In 1869 he came to my house on Capitol Hill, and asked me if I meant to oppose his election. He said he had so understood. I told him that I did not even know what State he represented, and if he had been a bad egg I should not have said so after the pains he had taken. It always occurred to me that he was a poor, semi-deserving person until I visited St. Paul in 1872. Then, I found a letter anticipating my arrival, asking me to drive over to Minneapolis, six miles, and be his guest at the Nicollet House. In due time I found Bill King a more widely-known person than either of the Minnesota Senators. Governor Ramsey drove me over the prairies to his city. There his little newspaper had become a large daily, edited by a young being named Crow-Foot, whose indiscretion was the bane of Bill King's existence. He always put his crow-foot into it whenever he opened his mouth.

"That fellow," says Bill, "is an hereditary nincompoop. He's antagonizing mankind on me, and you know my exposed frontier Laertes?"

"What is it, Bill?"

"Why," said he, "I'm developing the West—at its own expense. I'm negotiating great enterprises—for a consideration. It's my interest not to offend, except in the way of desperation. That fellow thinks he's a poet and a thinker, and he'll bring my bald hairs with sorrow to the grave. But come! I want to show you my stock."

From the suburbs of Minneapolis far into the country, the land ranging in value from $500 to $1,000 per acre, there was property of Bill King's always in sight. He owned bluffs and hollows, prairies and lakes, building lots, a race-course, stone-quarries, and cataracts. His stock farm would make a Belmont or a Sanford praise with enemy. Bulls worth $20,000—every calf from whose loyal loins was worth a hundred—bent down their wrinkled heads, the furrows showing the exasperations of such procreative vitality upon an Eremite philosophy. They lowed for Bill King. Rams of a thousand mutton power baaed for Bill King. Great stallions dashed their heels in the air for joy, and neighed for Bill King. Cows, whose daily milk filled cisterns, flowing down the channels of unbroken pedigree from reservoirs upon the thousand Canaanite hills, where their mothers had grazed, chewed the cud less abstractedly at the coming of Bill King. A great barn-like Solomon's Temple presided over the herds and sheltered the living treasures in the luxurious stalls.

"Bill," said I, "tell me, are you Jacob or Laban?"

"I'm Esau," said Bill. "Your Ishmael! None of your conundrums."

And this was the simple and obscure postmaster of one end of the Capitol, whose supposititious duties were the assorting of Congressmen's newspapers and the packing of their stationery and documents for transmission. Here he was in his own constituency filling young men with the envy of office, and by his rapid accumulations dissatisfying them with plain, steadfast avocation.

"William," said I, "how much you have saved out of your salary!"

"Yes," he said, "it's pretty good for a poor fellow who has spent a few years licking off postage stamps and straightening them out. It's what your save, Laertes, not what you make, that gives you a respectable poise, a social *status*, and the repose of the just."

Bilking laughed like a horse at the plea—a regular stock-farm laugh—and we trotted like the wind on eagle's fetlock's toward the Falls of Minnehaha, where we took at least one dissolved feather of the cock and admired the miniature wonders of nature. George Lincoln kept the inn on the tableland above the fall—a fellow-jobber with Bilking. Their little game was to capture the Fort Snelling reservation at an obscure sale, one Frank Steele being the principal in the transaction.

Said I, in the innocence of my heart, thinking there was to be an auction, and the more bidders the better, for the possessory rights of Mr. Lincoln, "Gentlemen, let me announce the sale!"

"Good Lord! No!" answered both the men of Minnehaha. "If you advertise this sale we may lose the highest bid. We want to keep the thing dark and bid it in cheap."

I believe they did, afterward, and I recollect the queer sensibility I felt, sitting there in the grotto of Minnehaha—the pretty cascade thundering down the chasm, and the cliffs and foliage shutting in all the legend of Longfellow, which seemed woven into the rainbow and exhaled from the spray—at the possibility that these two land pirates were a pair of Jupiters soliciting some Danæ imprisoned in the waterfall, and that the golden haze around Minnehaha was the shower of gold in which they were violating her. Poor dainty legend, already written into fame! Dear Naiad, praised too far away for the security of thy comeliness! Long shall I see thee, not as the bride of Hiawatha, but as some lovely Susanna taking thy bath, and pursued meantime by the cupidity of the pair of Elders:

> "Would you ask me whence this legend,
> Whence this sprite and this tradition?
> I would answer, I would tell you,
> From the thought of cock-eyed Bilking,
> Sitting there with tapster Lincoln,
> By the falls of Minnehaha,
> Playing me for Hiawatha."

An old lobbyist like King had no business to be running for Congress. Whether some desire to ornament his wealth with honor impelled him, or the necessity for returning to Congress since there was no more hope of holding a clerical relation there, or apprehension that he must be on the spot to protect himself, at any rate Bill King ran. Even the regular Democratic papers supported him. His canvass cost him a large sum of money, and then he had the mortification of being in the minority. I suppose that made no difference, as he could buy Democrats as cheap as Republicans.

Nearly a year before he could take his seat this unfortunate King of the Lobby was under investigation, and his nerve, which was never of the best, forsook him. He disappeared in the interior of New York, where he had struggled in earlier and poorer days, and kept one foot piveted on the town of Malone, where the Fenians invaded Canada, and with the other leg stretched out, describing an arc through the Queen's dominions. The deputy sergeant-at-arms followed William's instincts, and pursued him to the best stock farm in Canada, where, as usual, he found Bill the cynosure of attraction for Alderney and Devonshire cattle, Durham Bulls, Southdown rams, Yorkshire ewes, and imported Arabian stallions. Manœuvring for a position where all this neighing, lowing baaing, cock-crowing, bellowing came to a focus, the deputy sergeant-at-arms had only to reach out his hand and put a subpœna into the paw of Bill King.

Rumor says that William threw back his head, turned pale for a moment, then burst into a horse-laugh, and said: "You're a hell of a fellow! Don't you know how not to find a man any better than this? You're interrupting me amidst a great national duty. I am improving the short-horns."—*Laertes in New York Graphic.*

THE BEECHER TRIAL.

SOME SINGULAR FEATURES OF THE CASE.

[From the N. Y. Herald.]

The trial so far has been one of constant surprises. The dispute about the judge who should preside foreshadowed the bitter contest that was to follow and when the jury had been selected and the first witness called the fight began. Moulton's and Tilton's examination extended over many days, and the line of evidence embraced a wide field. Both of these men gave asserted facts and engaged in long debates about the principles of theology, the ethics of law, the peculiarities of literature, and they gave their individual opinions about many men and many things. Still, all through the attenuated string of testimony there ran a steady current of assertion that the plaintiff had suffered grievous injury from the defendant. But this did not give the public sufficient ground to form a settled opinion, and it was only when new witnesses appeared that the trial took familiar form and scope. During the past week direct assertion of alleged facts has taken the place of the mystifying evidence given during the first six weeks of the proceedings, and we are now getting something more than the generalities that characterized so much of that which went before. This is the state of the case at the present moment, but it will not astonish any one if new surprises are to come.

ONLY ONE SIDE OF THE STORY

is being related so far, and though that version is a dark and grievous one, all careful minds will wait, as the jury must, until the defense speaks.

The most remarkable part of this trial is found, however, in the extraordinary developments being made regarding the habits and actions of the principal actors in the scandal. We find that a man who had for many years occupied the position of a moral teacher and counsellor of others was himself accustomed to take counsel of those who proved to be weak and unfitted to give it. We see him relying upon men confessedly his mental inferior in the hour of tribulation and danger, and placing more confidence in the temporary shifts and schemes of these unstable men than in the righteousness of his cause and the purity of his life. Instead of confronting the scandal in a bold and defiant manner, such as we would expect from a preacher of the Gospel, we learned that he moved heaven and earth to smother the vile thing, even taking his accusers into his embrace, and giving money in hopes that the skeleton might thereby be hidden out of sight. He appears to have avoided those who believed in him and relied upon those who are now seeking to destroy him.

A MORE ASTONISHING REVELATION

has never been made. Even while he was running after his so-called friend he was giving range to calumny, for we are told that officers of his church began to think that he had committed theft. It is a sickening revelation, and it is painful to find a man possessing genius and a high order of intellect so feebly fighting for his reputation.

Then, again, the trial has been a source of still more wonderment. If the stories that have been told in court are true, the condition and phase of society in which these people lived and had their being is not only remarkable but it is positively incredible. The looseness of religious doctrine, avowed or asserted, the warped views of the common duties of life, the heartburning and hatred, the foolish mental jealousy and bitter envy, the shallow quarrels and disputes, all go to make up a chapter that is all the more distressing because it is not all fiction. The actors seem to have lived unreal lives and conducted themselves in a way before unknown in civilized and Christian communities.

MEN AND WOMEN

of all grades of feeling and sentiment have communed with each other, and unsettled their own moral convictions by the contact. Women of very questionable character have been taken by husbands into the sacred precincts of their domestic homes and the pure presence of their wives. These women have been cajoled and threatened by turns, and weapons have been placed in their hands wherewith they might stab and wound those who gave them. Secrets have been confessed to people wholly unfitted to have cognizance of them, and counsel has been asked of demagogues and visionary people, who had no common sympathy or bond with those seeking such advice. Letters have been written and expressions used, never before dreamed of, so that the literature of this case has become unique and sensational in the extreme. Violent friendship has been expressed one day and fierce denunciation uttered the next, forgiveness has been granted and peace declared only to be taken back and broken. Language has been used in these letters that appears childish and wicked. Words of love the most extravagant have been uttered, humility and contrition has been confessed, paradoxes of the most extraordinary nature have been asserted; in fact, the *dramatis personæ* in this wonderful drama of real life seemed to be modelled after a fashion peculiarly, and exclusively their own. Nothing like it was ever known before, and the revelations thus made sicken the heart and bewilder the mind of ordinary men. No matter what the result of the present trial may be, the written thoughts of

THE PRINCIPAL PERSONAGES

will remain inexplicable and astounding. The guilt or innocence of the defendants stands wholly apart and distinct when these letters are considered. That sane men or women could write as these people seem to do is scarcely credible, yet such appears to be the fact, and as the record of human thought and belief they will long be considered as something quite out of the ordinary run of such literature. From these letters we learn that heathens gave advice to Christians and religions writers used expressions savoring more of slang and impiety than of culture and divine belief. Women make of a priest a living god whom they worship and bow down before. Men give utterance to language which, if made the rule of ordinary conduct, would unsettle the sacred ties of marriage and unhinge the mainsprings of society. Things of divine origin and tenor are made subjects of commercial speculation, and the great moral truths are traded upon as one would deal in the necessaries or luxuries of life. Hyperbole of the most extravagant form pervades these letters, and

RIDICULOUS AND INSANE EXPRESSIONS

crowd upon each other's heels until the mind is wearied and disgusted.

Then again we have other relations in this trial. Virtuous wives comfort and embrace a man who they believe to be born wicked and false. They act as messengers of love for those they ought to condemn and despise, and while acting as counsellors do great mischief and damage. Men confess their faults to each other and to the wives of other men, and then deny what they have said. Suicide is spoken of and a desire for death manifested. Vengeance is threatened and forgiveness granted, only to be the prelude of war and contention. Surely such a state of society must appal thoughtful men and shake our confidence in the truth of mankind. It is a revolutions that shocks the sensibility and upsets all preconceived ideas of our fellows. All of the accessories and situations are novel and unreal, and the life lived by these people must have been abnormal and false in the extreme.

THE CONDUCT OF THE WITNESSES

in the trial has been a surprise in itself. Moulton underwent an examination such as never befell a witness before. He was led through a course of questioning that would have upset most men; yet so well had he prepared himself, both mentally and physically, for the ordeal, that he left the witness chair unshaken and apparently triumphant. Not only was he subjected to a severe mental test, but his affections were torn by the death of the mother who gave him being. Even under this affliction he maintained an unshaken demeanor, and chose to finish his testimony before giving way to natural grief. The plaintiff also endured a severe trial, and, though of a softer and more intellectual calibre, he also contrived to fill his part and carry on the burden of the trial. Now we have another witness—the most important one that has yet appeared—and, though a woman naturally shrinking from the enforced publicity and embarrassment of her painful position, she told a story with an air of truth and sincerity that is unexpected. It is a remarkable exhibition that is made by these witnesses, and forms a striking feature in the highly colored picture.

WHEN THE DEFENDANT

comes to the witness stand greater and more intense interest will be awakened in the trial. Already conjecture is busy as to the manner in which he will conduct himself. Will he droop under the ordeal? Will he falter in his denials? Will he fail to clear away the accusations already made against him? These are questions that are constantly in men's mouths and minds, and various and conflicting are the answers. Judging the man by his past life, his characteristics his mental training and his wide experience of men and the common events of everyday life, it is safe to assume that he will carry himself unmoved through it all. Accustomed to face mixed audiences and lead them by his fervid eloquence Mr. Beecher will not be likely to quail before the legal questioners. Being a close and attentive listener to the record made by the prosecution he will be strengthened and prepared to do battle for his reputation and his fortune. Supported by the unfaltering loyalty of his people and his church, he will be able to tell his side of the case in a manner that cannot fail to be dramatic. It is well known that he is now sedulously preparing himself for the hour when he will be called upon to testify, and, though there are some who believe that the strain will be too much for him, it is quite evident that he will not succumb. The age and physical condition of the man are against him, but, with his mental powers, he will be no doubt, enabled to keep his infirmities under control and leave the stand as strong, physically, as he entered it. When we remember the scenes through which Mr. Beecher passed while in Europe during our late war, it is easy to imagine him facing the court and jury unruffled and undismayed.

OREGON.

All subscribers to the stock of the Home Manufacturing Co are requested to pay up without delay.

Out of 3,000 sheep belonging to Mr. Frazer, living near Pendleton, only about 24 have died from accident or disease during the winter. We consider this extraordinary good fortune.

Last Sunday's Salem *Statesman* says: "Yesterday afternoon, about 2 o'clock, Mr. John Kelly, the superintendent of the weaving room, while fixing one of the looms, had his right arm and hand badly jammed and bruised in the gearing. He was fixing the loom, and requested the operator to assist him, and she, mistaking him, started up the loom, catching his arm as above stated. It was only by a miracle that his arm was not literally torn from its socket."

A new-fangled plow has been invented by a Salem man, which is superior to others, says the *Record*, in this. First—Being adapted to an old plow with little expense, second—In laying the stubble in the furrow to be entirely covered by the earth; third—The share on the land side, which projects laterally, cuts under the next furrow, and prepares it, in case of roots or fern, for easy turning, as well as saves the wing of the share from wear, and making the draft of the plow both steady and straight.

The *Messenger* says: "There has long been felt the need of a church house in Monmouth. Various plans have been suggested, but none were tried. The rooms in the college where the church has been meeting for a long time, are not suitable for that purpose, and all feel the inconvenience. The last plan suggested, and the only one which is likely to accomplish anything in the right direction, comes from the ladies. They met on Monday for the purpose of deciding upon a course of action. So far as we can learn, their plan is to organize a sewing society, selling their handiwork, and donating the proceeds, together with miscellaneous funds from other sources, to the erection of a church. Of course the men will not see themselves outdone, and will sustain liberally any outside enterprise which the good sisters may start."

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The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1875.

SOME ARKANSAS LITERATURE.

Accompanying the President's recent message on the Arkansas Governorship were some curious documents in the shape of letters sent him by active Republicans in that State. Some of these are notable more for the glimpse they afford of the inside workings of the Arkansas ring than for the grammatical correctness of their structure. This specimen, for instance, can hardly be considered a model of elegance, from a literary stand-point, but as a specimen of "talking out in meetin'," we do not recollect to have seen it surpassed:

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Lee county, Ark.,
MARIANNA, May 28, 1874.

SIR: In brief let me state a few facts in regard to matters in this State. In the first place, there is not a man in the State that has as much political sense as an oyster. There is no State in the Union so easily handled, so easily controlled as Arkansas. Arkansas, in 1872, was looking for a leader; she had none until Senator Dorsey came here and made a good showing, and we fell upon him as the man. He built a railroad that was never built, and made the party believe that he possessed both money and ability, all of which he never had. Now remember, I am a Republican, and black at that. He went into the most stupendous frauds that was ever perpetrated upon a people, and he is not the only one in Washington now representing the people that is guilty of the same thing. The great Arkansas combination was formed. Baxter was the figurehead. They all worked for him, and most undoubtedly counted out Brooks. Secretary Johnson was bought up to make false showing; he, the Senate, &c., and in fact every man that was troublesome, was either bought, or as they term it, killed off. They carried the election. Dorsey secured his seat in the Senate of the United States, which was the grand object in view. Governor Baxter and he could not agree, and hence our troubles. It made no material difference who was Governor to us, if we only could have went along in peace and safety. * * * They have gone from here to have me impeached, not because I was a Brooks man, but because I was a Republican. You will remember by my despatch to you in regard to the trouble, that I did not care as to the Governorship; but so it went. You have the respect of all the people in the State, and a word from you is worth more than an army. You have spoken, but they have mistook what you have said, and think that you mean for them to take the State government in their own hands and do as they please without any regard to the constitution of the United States or State. I have never seen such bitterness in the State since I have been here. Now, to settle the difficulties, let Congress investigate and put in the proper men, the men that were elected, and the troubles will end. I have had to be a political slave ever since I have been in the State, either to Clayton or Dorsey. I know all the trouble in the State, and how it came about. I hope you will pardon me for troubling you with this letter, but I am anxious to know our future. Your humble servant,

W. H. FURBUSH.

His Excellency U. S. Grant, Washington, D. C.

Then here is an excerpt from a letter of Mr. D. F. McKibben concerning one of the President's appointees to office, U. S. Marshal Fagan, to-wit, in which the peculiarities of diction are not quite so strongly employed as in Mr. Furbush's epistle, but the facts are equally worthy of attention:

When he assumed control of the office it was expected that we were to have an honest administration of the affairs of this district; but, on the contrary, we find him in collusion with the very men whom the law officers of the government are endeavoring to expose and punish. The utter failure of the United States grand jury, which has been in session at this place for the past four weeks, in bringing to light the frauds perpetrated in this district and exposing the guilty parties, is a matter of no little surprise to almost everybody except those directly interested. Facts have lately come into my possession which fasten the entire responsibility of this matter upon Marshal Fagan, who signed blank summonses to grand jurors, and directed the same to R. G. Kerns, Roots' old chief deputy, who filled in the names of such persons as he knew were friendly to him, and others upon whom suspicion of fraud rested, and thus the action of that grand jury was controlled completely by the men whom the government was endeavoring to expose, and who kept up a constant communication with the members of the jury. One indictment was found, and in less than one hour thereafter the party was notified and left town. J. W. Donnalley, chief clerk under Britton and Roots, although not to be seen in the Marshal's office, makes up all the returns for deputies, and, in short, manipulates Fagan's accounts the same as under Britton and Roots. These are facts which can be substantiated if necessary. A very large number of deputies have been commissioned, and among them some of the most disreputable characters that ever infested this country.

Not less singular is a letter from a number of persons who, it appears, were soldiers during the war for the Union, and have not yet fully realized the truth that they have been discharged. They therefore appeal to General Grant rather than to the President of the United States:

We, who are laboring men, want neither Brooks nor Baxter for our ruler, for we have considered that neither are fit for the office of governor; but some man who digs his living out of the ground. Hoping that you will at least condescend to answer us, we are some of your obedient soldiers of the Sixty-second O. V. I., and others of different regiments, and many Southern friends.

But the most interesting document in the entire history of the Arkansas business, considered with reference both to the past and the present status, is not found in this particular batch. It is an opinion of Attorney-General Williams, given at the time when the Administration was on the Baxter side of the gubernatorial contest. This document merits special attention, not only on account of its bearing on the present condition of the Arkansas dispute, but because of the soundness of the views then expressed by the Attorney-General and their applicability, as Judge Williams well says, to every State in the Union. A clearer statement of the views we have endeavored to maintain on the question of Federal interference to determine contests for State offices, could not be made. The Attorney-General says:

Respecting the claim that Brooks received a majority of the votes at the election, it must be said that the President has no way to verify that claim. If he had, it would not, in my opinion, under the circumstances of this case, be a proper subject for his consideration. Perhaps if everything about the election was in confusion and there had been no legal count of the votes the question of majorities might form an element of discussion; but where, as in this case, there has been a legal count of the votes, and the tribunal organized by the constitution of the State for that purpose has declared the election the President, in my judgment, ought not to go behind that action to look into the state of the vote. Frauds may have been committed there to the prejudice of Brooks; but, unhappily, there are few elections where partisan zeal runs high in which the victorious party, with more or less truth, is not charged with acts of fraud. There must, however, be an end to controversy upon the subject. Somebody must be trusted to count votes and declare elections. Unconstitutional methods of filling offices cannot be resorted to because there is some real or imagined unfairness about the election. Ambitious or selfish aspirants for office generally create the disturbance about this matter, for the people are more interested in the preservation of the peace than in the political fortune of any man. Either of the contestants, with law and order, is better than the other with discord and violence. I think it would be disastrous to allow the proceedings by which Brooks obtained possession of the office to be drawn into precedent. There is not a State in the Union in which they would not produce a conflict, and, probably, bloodshed. They cannot be upheld or justified upon any ground, and in my opinion Elisha Baxter should be recognized as the lawful executive of the State of Arkansas.

Since the President in his Arkansas message intimated that in case Congress should adjourn without taking action in the premises he should feel it his duty to proceed to put Brooks into the possession of the office, because there was fraud in counting the votes, we commend to his careful perusal and candid consideration this message of his Attorney-General, as a sound and safe exposition of the law of the case.

OLD AND NEW.

The New York *Herald* publishes a letter never before given to the world, from James K. Polk, written while he was President of the United States, and which presents a marked contrast between the ideas that prevailed then and those which are accepted now as to the delicacy of public officers about engaging in any transaction which might give rise to suspicion of corruption. In this connection, the *Herald* calls to mind the opinion of Lord Mansfield, that a public officer could not justify himself in dealing in public stocks, because he would appear to be making personal advantage out of the superior facilities for information afforded him by his position. Such a delicate sense of official honor, when placed in juxtaposition with the exhibitions of the last few years in connection with both national and State government, seems more like a picture from the imagination than a reality. Here is the letter of President Polk:

WASHINGTON CITY, May 7, 1847.

Sir: When I requested you, early in March, to purchase for me three thousand dollars of stock, I informed you that I desired to invest that sum, held by me as a trust fund. On the day following our conversation you transferred certificates of United States stock to me in my own name, and not as trustee for my ward, for which I paid you a premium of one per cent., or the sum of three thousand and thirty dollars. I do not doubt my lawful right to make such investment; but, in view of my official position, I deem it proper to relinquish the stock, by retransferring it to you, and invest the fund in some other way. I desire, therefore, to transfer the stock to you without premium or interest, and request that you will place to my credit the precise sum which I paid you for the stock. I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES K. POLK.

IMPROVEMENT OF OUR RIVERS.

We learn from Congressman Nesmith that the River and Harbor appropriation bill, as passed by the House on the 22d of February, contained the following items for Oregon:

For the improvement of the lower Wallamet and Columbia rivers, from Portland, Oregon, to the sea, twenty thousand dollars.

For the improvement of the upper Wallamet river, Oregon, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For the improvement of the upper Columbia river, thirty-five thousand dollars.

These sums, aggregating $80,000, expended judiciously, ought to prove a very considerable benefit. It is presumed the bill was allowed to pass the Senate without alteration.

The dispatches announce the nomination by the President of Mr. Godlove S. Orth to the Austrian mission. The Administration became dissatisfied with Mr. John Jay, the present Minister, some two years or more ago, and would have removed him then had not his services at the Vienna Exposition been deemed very desirable. Subsequently Mr. Jay returned to America, and it was arranged that he should retire, but for some reason that never came to light, the arrangement was not carried out, and Mr. Jay has remained Minister to Austria down to the present time.

A PLEASANT GATHERING.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* gives the following account of a pleasant assembly that met at the National Capital on the evening of February 21:

Most of the Ohio delegation, together with Governor Dennison, Benj. Eggleston, Mr. Wikoff, chairman of the Republican State committee, and Mr. Cowles, of the Cleveland *Leader*, and others, met at the rooms of Secretary Delano, last night, to arrange for the forthcoming political campaign in Ohio. Discussion turned upon the important bearing the election of next fall would have upon the Presidential canvass, and it was agreed that all present would bend their energies to making the campaign most vigorous. Dennison announced that he would not be a candidate for Governor.

Representative Parsons enlivened the proceedings by launching out unexpectedly and vigorously against Mr. Eggleston for attacks he had allowed on Parsons in the *Times*. He denounced the course of the *Times* and other Republican journals that had attacked him in a lively style, to which Mr. Eggleston replied in a flashing manner, giving Parsons to understand that, while he did not write the attacks on him in the *Times*, he fully approved them. Parsons claimed that when a man had once secured a nomination in the regular way, that a Republican paper had not the right to attempt to defeat him. After Eggleston had hammered Parsons for about half an hour, the meeting adjourned.

LAWS FOR IRELAND.

LONDON, March 1.—In the House of Commons this evening, Beach, Secretary for Ireland, introduced a bill lessening the penalties for unlawful possession of arms in Ireland, repealing the law which authorizes the closing of public houses and the arrest of persons found out of doors at night in the proclaimed districts, and removing restrictions on newspapers. The Secretary stated that the government intended to re-enact the laws against Ribbonism in Westmeath, as it had been assured that the Ribbon conspiracy existed as strong as ever there. He pointed to the fact that John Mitchell was elected to Parliament because he had declared that he would never consent to be at peace with England. He alluded to the return of numerous emigrants from America, who he said had acquired western vices and forgotten their Irish virtues. These were reasons for not wholly removing the restrictions on possession of firearms in Ireland.

The New Orleans committee of seventy still persist in making fools of themselves, as appears from this item:

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—The committee of seventy, at a meeting to-night, adopted resolutions condemning and repudiating the Wheeler compromise, and requesting United States senators friendly to the cause of Louisiana to oppose the passage of the House joint resolutions recognizing the Kellogg government, and declaring their intentions, in behalf of the Conservative Democratic people of Louisiana, never to recognize the Kellogg government, but to oppose it before Congress and the people of the United States.

A Washington dispatch of March 1st, says: Pengra, of Oregon, has failed to obtain a recommendation from the interior department for a bill proposing to grant indemnity scrip in lieu of lands claimed by the Military Wagon Road Company, but included in the Klamath reservation. He therefore withdraws his contingent proposition.

A debate on universal salvation will take place between Messrs. Nasler and Morgan, at Marshfield, on the 29th inst.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The settlers along the east coast above Comox are moving for a mail service by steamer.

Selleck's wharf at Esquimalt will be pulled down and a new one erected for the reception of the steel rails.

Capt. Macdonald with his company of Indians, will arrive at Victoria by the steamer that will leave San Francisco on the 20th of March, for the purpose of giving two or three exhibitions.

British Columbia has about 600 miles of telegraph, which is maintained and worked by the Federal government. Although the receipts last year had increased $1,780, they are still $20,583 below the expenditure.

On the 4th inst., Joseph Hunter, Esq., engineer-in-charge, received instructions from Ottawa to proceed at once with the survey and location of the railway line between Esquimalt and Nanaimo, commencing at both ends. Mr. Hunter will proceed immediately to form two parties, and will place one party under Mr. John Trutch, to commence at Nanaimo under his immediate direction.

The Pacific Jockey Club will give their annual purse of $30,000 (an increase of $5,000 over last year) in November next. In connection with this colossal purse, the California Confederacy for the importation and improvement of thoroughbred horses in California propose sending their agent—William Shear—to Europe about the 20th of March, to purchase a flyer to compete for the prize. It is to be hoped the enterprise will meet with all the success it deserves.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

MARRIED.

In this city, March 7, at the Parsonage of the German Congregation, by Rev. John Gantenbein, Mr. Ulrich Warnekros and Miss Annie Baltis.

Near Needy P. O., Clackamas county, March 2, Elisha Veazey and Mrs. Roff.

DIED.

In Salem, March 5, Mrs. Sullivan, wife of P. C. Sullivan, aged 62 years.

In Walla Walla, March 4, J. M. Van Syckle, aged 53 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

SASH-RIBBONS. Col'd Gro. Grain Ribbons and Ladies' Silk Ties, for sale by
JOHN WILSON.

WANTED.

A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK IN a small family. For particulars enquire at the northwest corner of Seventh and Stark streets, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 1 P. M. mar9d6t&p

$5 REWARD.

LOST—A LADY'S MINK COLLAR, MARCH 8, near Park and D streets. The above reward will be paid to the person returning the Collar to Lieut. Ward, Military Headquarters. 1t

NOTICE—REWARD.

ALL PERSONS ARE WARNED AGAINST PURchasing the following Jewelry, to-wit: One Pearl Set Earrings and Pin, set in style of a double half moon, with pendants; one pair of Amethyst Sleeve Buttons with diamond setting in center; one black enameled Belt Buckle, and one Coral Cross—the same having been stolen from my house, and are my own separate property. A reward of FIFTY DOLLARS will be paid for their delivery to me.

NELLIE J. KIMBALL.

Portland, March 8, 1875. 1t

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER,

OHIO,

Leaves Pacific Wharf, foot of Salmon st., THURSDAY, March 11, for Harrisburg and all intermediate points on the Willamette river.

U. B. SCOTT, Master.
M. O. LOWNSDALE, Agent, on the Wharf.

SPECIAL SALE,

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I will sell on the premises corner Second and A streets, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

1 Rosewood Piano.
1 Fine Set Parlor Furniture.
1 Mirror.
1 Center Table.
1 Whatnot.
1 Velvet Carpet.

ALSO,

1 Walnut Bedroom Set.
2 Cottage Bedroom Sets.

ALSO,

Hair and Spring Mattresses.
Blankets, Bedspreads, Feather Pillows and Bolsters, Sheets, Pillow Slips, &c.

ALSO,

1 Walnut Extension Table.
Crockery and Glassware,
Silver Plated Caster, Forks, Spoons, &c.

ALSO,

Parlor and Bedroom Stoves.

ALSO,

Kitchen Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

NEWARK
LAND COMPANY.

San Francisco Bay, Alameda Co., California.
Title Perfect. Incorporated.

THE NEWARK LAND COMPANY IS NOW ASsuming shape: the Guarantee Fund paid in. This Company will be prepared in March to take 3,000 people by steamboat and railroad to their town and lands in one excursion, which will be advertised. By reference to the Coast Survey Chart it will be seen, that at Potrero Point, in front of Newark, the deep water comes all the way through the channel from the Pacific, with the C. P. R. R., running in a direct line through Livermore Pass, making this the connecting point between all parts of the United States and by deep water to all parts of the globe and the greatest manufacturing point on the Bay of San Francisco—plenty of water, good climate, excellent soil and easy communication. This land will be sold at auction in April in acres and lots. This company will commence active operation in building etc. soon. For all information, circulars, maps and subscription, apply at the office of the Company, 405½ California street, basement, opposite Bank of California, San Francisco.

CHAS. R. PETERS, Manager.
mar3d1mis

BUY YOUR GOODS

Of the Oregon Furniture M'f'g Company. They employ about 50 hands. You will get a better class of goods for less money than any imported furniture, and the money will be spent here for labor. If you wish to build up this City and State, encourage manufactures. Immigration will come just as soon as people find steady work, but if you keep on buying the goods abroad that can be made here, you need not look for real prosperity. We say this to the Banker, the Merchant, the Professional Man, and all who use goods in our line.

OREGON
FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y,
PORTLAND.

L. H. WAKEFIELD JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce.
San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874.

VARNISHES,

OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUfacture—A FULL SUPPLY.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

For Sale.

24 HEAD GOOD STALL FED BEEF CATTLE. Address
ADAM BROWN,
Dallas, Polk Co., Or.
mar8:15t

AMUSEMENTS.

SOCIAL HOP!

GIVEN BY

Peerless Division No. 2,

SONS OF TEMPERANCE,

AT GOOD TEMPLARS' HALL,

On Thursday Evening, March 11, 1875.

MUSIC by the PROGRESS CLUB BAND.

Dancing to commence at 9 o'clock.

Tickets $1 00—to be procured from any of the members, or at the door. mar5d6t

SKATING RINK.

Grand Masquerade!

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 13, 1875.

Admission 50c. Reserved seats 75c.

Hereafter the Rink will be open every afternoon from 2 to 4. Ladies will be furnished skates free; Gentlemen 25c. Saturday night from 8 to 10, MUSIC. Admission 25c, (Ladies free.) Use of skates 25c.

H. C. MORRIGE, Lessee.

FIFTEENTH

ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

PORTLAND

Hibernian Benevolent Society,

AT

MASONIC HALL,

Wednesday Evening, March 17, 1875.

Floor Managers.

M. Moynahan,	Daniel McGill,
T. Coyle,	Thomas McKay,
J. J. Winters,	Terrence McLaughlin,
M. Gleason,	John M. Gearin,
P. J. Goodman,	N. O'Neil.
T. B. McDevitt.	

Reception Committee.

E. Caballin,	Frank Gatens,
W. J. Kelly,	William Healy,
M. J. Gleason,	John Donovan,
W. Casey,	John Morgan,
R. B. Sinnott,	John E. Walsh,
T. Brandon.	

Tickets admitting a Gentleman and Ladies $2 50

THE

German Aid Society

OF THIS CITY

WILL GIVE A

Bazar and Grand Ball!

ON

APRIL 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1875,

AT THE

SKATING RINK!

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

☞ A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1875,
At 10 o'clock,

AT SALESROOM,

1 Elegant PIANO, Steinway & Sons.
1 " Parlor Set, 5 pieces, in green reps, linen covers.
1 Black Walnut Bedroom Set, full marble top.
1 Mahogany Bedroom Set, marble top.
Tables, Chairs, Lounges, Spring and Hair Mattresses.

ALSO.

100 New Chromos, in Walnut Frames.

ALSO,

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE.

Special Sale of Furniture, Carpets, &c.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1875,
At 11 o'clock A. M.

I will sell on the premises, Sixth Street, between Oak and Pine, on account of departure, the Entire Furniture of the above house, consisting of

1 very Fine Upright Piano, nearly new, and of splendid tone.
Elegant Parlor Set.
Bedroom Sets, Diningroom and Kitchen Furniture.
Brussels Carpets, Mattresses.
Pictures, Mirrors, Crockery and Glassware, Stoves, &c.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

M. AINSA,

FORWARDING & COMMISSION,

UMATILLA, OREGON.

I AM PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONSIGNments of Goods to be forwarded to all parts of Oregon.

CHARGES:

Storage and Forwarding, one month.....$1 00
Cartage.....1 00—$2 00

If I am liberally patronized I intend to have all Goods in transit insured against any risk of fire.
All freights and charges paid on consignments.
mar3d1m M. AINSA, Portland.

PAPER BAGS ALL SIZES—A SPECIALTY

AT THE AGENCY OF

CLACKAMAS MILLS,

72 Front street.

A PARTNER WANTED.

A MAN WISHING EMPLOYMENT (ONE WHO understands how to take care of a horse preferred) who can furnish from $1,500 to $1,700, can find it by applying to the undersigned. Business steady and pays from $125 to $150 a month clear of all expenses and no risk.

A. S. GROSS, General Broker,
mar6d3t Foot of Stark st.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN ADjourned meeting of the Stockholders of the Good Templars' Hall Association will be held at the office of Ball & Stott, in the City of Portland, Multnomah county, Oregon, March 16, 1875, at 3 o'clock P. M.

td RALEIGH STOTT, Secretary.

LOST.

A BLACK MEMORANDUM BOOK CONTAINing letters and sundry papers of use to no one but the owner. The finder will confer a favor to the owner by leaving the same at Simon Harris', Odd Fellows' Building. mar6tf

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

First Arrivals of the Season!

WE HAVE JUST OPENED SEVERAL CASES of

NEW SPRING GOODS!

To which we would call special attention

PARASOLS.

Silk, Alpaca and Gingham, Plain and Twilled, bl'k and colored, the largest stock we have ever received at one time.

RUCHES.

In Lace, Blonde, Crepe, &c., An immense variety.

NEW NECKTIES, NEW HANDKERCHIEFS, NEW EMBROIDERIES.

BLACK DRESS GOODS, CASHMERE, &C.

FANCY DRESS GOODS.

Domestics, Sheetings, Quilts, Napkins, Damasks, Towels.

A NEW STOCK OF

HATHAWAY SHIRTS!

Many of these Goods we will offer at considerably lower prices than heretofore.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REMOVAL.

OSVOLD & AYERS,

Boot and Shoe Makers,

HAVE REMOVED TO

STARK STREET, bet. First and Second.
mar3d1m

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS, made to order, go to
J. BRADY,
No. 5 Washington Street
Repairing promptly attended to.

Premium Carriage Factory

E. SMITH,

CARRIAGE MAKER,

Cor. Jefferson and Front Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Is now making First-Class EXPRESS WAGONS, BUGGIES and CARRIAGES of all kinds.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

At the Oregon State Fair, recently held at Salem, Mr. E. Smith was awarded the First Premiums on an Open and also on a Top Buggy. The latter was built from a design published in the June number of *The Carriage Monthly*, styled "Monitor Piano-Box Buggy," and elicited much admiration.—*The Philadelphia Carriage Monthly.*

MR. E. SMITH, of Portland, has on exhibition at the State Fair two Buggies, both Open and Top, and certainly exhibits as good workmanship as can be found on the Coast, while several very important improvements have been added, especially in ironing the same so as not to weaken the axles, by putting the bolts through the same. The commendable enterprise that Mr. Smith has displayed, we understand, is being amply rewarded in our city. He will be awarded the first Premium.—*Oregonian.*

MR. E. SMITH, Carriage Maker, of Portland, exhibited one Open and one Covered Buggy upon the Fair Grounds, which deserve special mention. These Carriages are especially light and durable, and those in need of such a purchase—and who isn't—should call upon him before purchasing elsewhere. Of course Mr. Smith bore off the blue ribbons.—*New Northwest.*

MR. E. SMITH, Carriage Maker, corner of Front and Jefferson streets, took two Premiums at the State Fair for First-Class Buggies. This speaks well for his work, and is a credit to Portland.—*Pacific Christian Advocate.*

HOME MANUFACTURE.—Mr. E. Smith, Carriage Maker of this city, has some splendid Vehicles on exhibition at the Fair.—*Temperance Star.*

BOSCO & MEGLER

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

No. 127 and 129 First Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS NEW AND

Magnificent Establishment

HAS

SUPERIOR FACILITIES,

AND

PRODUCES AS FINE WORK

As any on the Coast.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

ONLY ONE FLIGHT OF STAIRS.

CORBITT & MACLEAY

OFFER FOR SALE THE CARGO OF the "Mattie Macleay," now landing, and other recent arrivals from Honolulu, direct.

5464 kegs assorted grades Island Sugars;
100 bags Kona Coffee;
100 " Island Rice;
100 tons Puuloa Salt;
100 bbls. Molasses,

In quantities to suit the Trade, at Importing rates.

CORBITT & MACLEAY.

Portland, Feb. 13, 1875. feb13d1m

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets,

CARRIAGE RATES:

Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 00 for each additional hour.
Riding, $1 50 per hour.
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.
Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.
☞ All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

FANCY FOWLS.

HATCHING EGGS OF THE FINEST BREEDS for sale at
MARTIN'S
mar3d1m Central Market.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

ORIFLAMME,

FRANCIS CONNOR.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1875,
At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller,

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports,

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1875,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

J. F. WHITNEY.....Master.

EMPIRE,

C. H. BUTLER.....Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with Steamers at Coos Bay.
F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay. D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 106 Davis street, near California. oc5d6m

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and Intermediate points will take cars at 7:30, connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight.

Corvallis to Portland.....$2 50
Albany and Salem.....2 00
Harrisburg.....3 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, $1 00 per Ton.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND
FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.
FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.
FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.
For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skamokawa—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.
For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR HARRISBURG and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Steamer BEAVER—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF ALder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M.
Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.
Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

CITY TAXES.

The TAX ROLL for 1875 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 87 First St., within Thirty Days from this date or the same will be returned as delinquent.

L. H. LEWIS,
Treasurer City of Portland.
Portland, Feb. 11, 1875.

REOPENING OF THE

MAISON DOREE RESTAURANT.

HAVING PURCHASED AND REFITTED THE above Maison Doree throughout, I will reopen it as a First Class Restaurant, on MONDAY, March 1st, 1875.

The well known reputation of the Maison Doree will be kept up, and a liberal share of the public patronage is solicited.

G. OPITZ.

REMOVED.

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist,

Has removed to Room No. 4, Dekum's Building, cor. First and Washington streets. daw

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

offered to the Trade at low rates by
ALLEN & LEWIS.

PIONEER HOTEL,

SECOND STREET.....DALLES CITY.

LOUIS KESS, Proprietor.

Board and Lodging per week.....$6 00
Per Day.....1 00
Single Meals.....37½c
mar3d1m

WANTED!

ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPING. Also, choice qualities for Home Consumption, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,
Manufacturing Furriers, 66 First street, between Stark and Oak. fe18d2p3m

ON AND COMMISSION.

B. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER
OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales
STATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MER
CHANDISE AND HORSES.
s---Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale.
ment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS
advances made on Consignments.
declining Housekeeping, I will mention
urchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

lar and Peremptory Sale
OF
ure, Groceries, General
Merchandise, Etc.,
NESDAY, MARCH 10, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
GROCERIES.
avy TOBACCO.
Matilda CIGARS,
, O. SOAP,
ancy SOAP,
Japan TEA,
ASHING POWDER.
ALSO,
ODS AND CLOTHING.
ALSO,
eel FIRE IRONS,
LVANIZED BUCKETS,
FRY PANS.
ALSO,
ES and FRAMES,
CKS, &c,
ALSO,
OM, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN
RE.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

RTH BRITISH
and
ERCANTILE
SURANCE CO.
ablished - 1809
ED. HALL,
gent for Oregon.
ce, 106 Front St.
Between Washington and Alder.

man's Fund Insurance
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE AND MARINE
ts Exceed - $627,00
OREGON BRANCH
3 Front Street, corner of Alder.
EDWARD HALL, Manager.

THE STATE
estment & Insuran
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
RE AND MARINE
Incorporated in 1871.
Assets, $420,

OFFICERS:

E. CORBETT'S
ry, Hack & Feed Stable
(FIRE PROOF),
SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS

OBSERVE PRICES:

EDS! SEEDS! SEEDS
l, Flower & Garden Seeds
NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

WM. PFUNDER,
THECARY AND CHEMIST
DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

SEED WHEAT.

CHILI CLUB,
FOR SALE BY
RDING & FARRELL

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1875.

CITY.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING.—Charley Bentley, a lad aged five years, son of Rev. R. Bentley, pastor of the Taylor street M. E. church, came near drowning yesterday under the following circumstances: The little fellow, accompanied by his elder brother, went down to one of the levee stores to purchase some chicken feed. While there, Charley stepped into a hole in the wharf and fell through. His brother hearing the splash as the little fellow struck the water, and missing him ran to the hole, and looking down observed, to his great consternation, Charley. The little fellow on reaching the water sank, and had just come to the surface as the elder brother reached the slip. With that presence of mind worthy of one of more years, the elder brother took his "comforter" from about his neck, and holding firmly to one end, extended the other down to the struggling boy. Charley grasped the end brought within his reach and held on until a rope was brought. In a few moments the little fellow was drawn up on the wharf and thus rescued from a watery grave. Chilled to the bone and frightened almost to death, Charley was taken home by his brother, who took the little fellow up stairs and changed his wet clothes for a dry suit before presenting him to his father and mother. On learning of the accident, and the narrow escape of their little son, the joy of the fond parents can well be imagined.

MOHAIR.—Messrs. Gibbs & Hughes of this city, have shown us a letter from Hall & Turner, proprietors of the Alpaca mills, of Jamestown, New York, enclosing samples of fabrics made by them from American mobair. They say in their letter: "If we can only meet with the mohair in its proper cultivation, we can use very large quantities of it. There has been mohair raised in this country quite equal to the Turkish mohair, which proves that it is simply a matter of care and study, in the rearing of this animal, which is to make it a profitable business. A great proportion of the mohair bred in this country is carelessly crossed with the common goat. The fleeces are full of kemp, which no invented machine can take out. Another fault is in the packing, in putting all the qualities together. These circumstances make us extremely careful in purchasing, and although always glad to receive offers of this article, we cannot purchase without seeing samples. We are paying from 75 to 90 cents per lb for suitable lots, less freight from California here, which is 3 to 4 cents per lb. We can assure you that if we can only secure the production of pure mohair we shall establish a demand for this thing which will materially benefit the grower of mohair and the manufacturer, alike."

DEATH OF AN OLD PIONEER.—From the *Spirit of the West*, of the 5th inst., we learn that at 4 o'clock on the 4th of March, Mr. John Milton Vansyckle, an old citizen of Walla Walla, breathed his last at the family residence in that city. Mr. Vansyckle was born on the 15th of January, 1822, at Cincinnati, Hamilton county, Ohio, and died March 4th, 1875. He came to California at an early day, and during his residence there held many important and responsible positions. Subsequently he came to Portland, Oregon, where he managed, for a long time, business affairs for Wells, Fargo & Co. In 1861 he came to Wallula, and for many years conducted a mercantile business at that place, acting at the same time as agent for the O. S. N. Co. He was at one time quite wealthy, but subsequently lost many thousands of dollars through the dishonesty of one in whom he had confided too deeply. He afterwards disposed of his possessions at Wallula to the O. S. N. Co. and came to reside in this city. An influential citizen, Mr. Vansyckle has had no small share in directing the political affairs of this county. He was possessed of fair literary attainments, and has written many good articles for publication. Mr. Vansyckle was a member of the Common Council of Portland in the year 1859.

WHO IS TO BLAME?—It is asserted that Capt. Hardy, of the *Conflict*, is not so much to blame for the manner of burial of the seaman from that vessel, at Astoria, as other parties. The deceased came to Astoria on the vessel as a sailor and about four weeks ago, while Capt. Hardy was in Portland, the man disappeared and was reported as a deserter from the ship. Nothing more was seen of him until his body was found, on Thursday of last week. Those who found the body reported the fact to the coroner of Clatsop county. That officer took possession of the body, as by law required, and, having held an inquest by which the remains were identified as those of the missing sailor, buried them without giving any notice as to how to the captain of the ship. The bill for burying the man—$31—was presented to the captain, which he paid. This is Capt. Hardy's version of the affair, and we publish it, as he thinks he has been wronged by the stories circulated concerning the matter.

THE BOLD BIRD OF LIBERTY.—The *News* says: A gentleman from Columbia slough brought to this city last Tuesday a bald eagle, which he killed near his place of residence. The bird is a monster among his species—measuring 7 feet 0½ inches, and weighed 10½ pounds. Before he was shot the bird succeeded in killing and carrying off two lambs, a colt and a calf, and was guarded against by the settlers like any other bloodthirsty pirate would have been. The eagle is now in the hands of Mr. O. B. Johnson, the well known taxidermist, who will stuff and mount him preparatory to placing him among other valuable collections in the "old curiosity shop" of Dav. Raffety Bros.

NEW SEASON.—We observe by the passenger list, that several well known members of the minstrel profession are on board bound for Portland. They come under engagement to Mr. Briggs, of the Adelphi Theater. The following are the names of the new talent: Chas. Nickerson, Jake Wallace, Carroll and Butler (song and dance men,) Miss Stewart and Miss Harrington. Of the present company playing at the Adelphi, only E. J. Crowell, J. W. Glenn and Gus. Snyder will be retained. The steamer will be due this evening and may probably arrive here. A new season will be inaugurated to-morrow or the following evening at the Adelphi.

TEAM DROWNED.—Mr. Alagrand, who lives a short distance south of the city, on the east side of the river, had the misfortune to lose his team yesterday forenoon. Mr. James Steward, who was in the employ of the owner of the team, having plowed up a piece of garden land with the horses, unhitched them from the plow, and drove them down to the river to water them. When they reached the bank one of them lost his footing, and, slipping into deep water, drew the other down with him. The horses both became disabled through some fouling of the harness, and could not be rescued till both drowned. The span was said to be worth about $200.

MILITARY MATTERS.—From the *Spirit of the West* we cull the following military items:

The troops mustered on Sunday morning for two months' pay, and the two previous months being to their credit, they will receive four months pay when the paymaster arrives.

Captain Harris, Company "M," 1st Cavalry, arrived at the garrison on Tuesday evening from Fort Lapwai.

There are arrangements now making to have extensive gardens for the companies. This is an omen that no immediate change is imminent.

MRS. M. M. M. LECTURES.—The San Francisco *Bulletin*, of March 1st, says: "Mrs. Minnie Myrtle Miller lectured before the Young Reformers' Temperance Association at Grand Central Hall last evening. Her subject was 'Man.' The men who oppose the expansion of woman's sphere and equal pay for equal labor performed, were subjected to withering sarcasm. Mrs. Miller's views were seemingly indorsed by the audience."

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, March 8, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P.
Thermometer	37°	50°	44°
Wind, direction	Calm.	N.E.	Calm.
Wind, velocity	0	2	0
Weather	Fair.	Fair.	Fair.
Minimum temperature			3

RETURNED.—Dr. Alfred Kinney, after an absence from the city of more than a month, returned yesterday morning. For a few days the doctor will not enter upon the practice of his profession, and he takes this method of apprising the public of the fact.

The American Newspaper Advertising Agency of Geo. P. Rowell & Co., New York, is the only establishment of the kind in the United States which keeps itself persistently before the people *by advertising in newspapers*. They evidently receive their reward, for we have it from a reliable source that advertising orders issued by them for their customers have exceeded three thousand dollars a day since the commencement of the year, *and this is not a very good year for advertising either*.

INSANE BOY.—A boy only eight years of age, named Charles D. Shelley, living near Pendleton, Umatilla county, recently gave unmistakable symptoms of insanity. At length the child was taken before the proper authorities, examined and adjudged insane. In charge of an officer, the boy left Pendleton last Tuesday morning bound for Portland. Officer and patient arrived here a few days ago, and the latter was committed to the Asylum.

COUNTY TAXES.—Taxpayers should bear in mind that the time is drawing near when all unpaid taxes due the county will be declared delinquent. Only a few weeks remain now in which they can be paid without additional costs. On the first day of April, Sheriff Jeffery will close up the book and declare unpaid taxes delinquent. Time is money, even in the matter of paying your taxes.

AN ATTRACTIVE SIGN.—Mr. W. P. Berger, the well known painter, has just finished a large sign for the Business College. The lettering is in scrip, and the work shows taste and skill on the part of the artist. The sign can be seen on Gilman's building, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall. The same gentleman will complete four elegant signs for B. L. Stone, the jeweler, to-day.

LECTURE.—Gen. O. O. Howard will lecture in the Opera House, Salem, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week, March 10th and 11th. The subjects will be the "Scenes at Gettysburg," and the "March to the Sea." The proceeds of these lectures will go to the M. E. church and the Odd Fellows' library.

CALIFORNIA ARRIVED.—The steamer *California* reached this port last evening about 9 o'clock, from Sitka and intermediate ports. She brought a full freight.

DECISION TO BE ANNOUNCED.—Judge Deady will, at 10 o'clock this morning, announce the decision of the court in the case of Marcus Neff vs S. Pennoyer.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

No balls or parties this week.

River rising again—good boating stage.

Early buds will soon commence to swell.

Steamer due this evening from San Francisco.

The upper Wallamet is at a good boating stage.

One week from to-morrow and then comes St. Patrick's Day.

The United States circuit and district courts will convene this morning.

The barkentine *Portland* was towed down the river yesterday afternoon.

No deeds received at the county clerk's office for record since Saturday.

Mr. S. N. Arrigoni, the well known caterer, is lying quite ill at his hotel in Astoria.

The G. A. R. talk of presenting the "Color Guard" again—probably within a week.

A death among the Chinese set the denizens of that quarter howling during yesterday.

The propeller and shaft for the steamer *Los Angeles* will soon be repaired at the machine shop.

The steamer *Ajax* sailed from this port for San Francisco yesterday morning with a fair freight.

The *Sunday Welcome*, a weekly paper, is announced to make its appearance next Sunday morning.

Capt. Kellogg is running the *Rescue* in the Cowlitz river trade. She lands at the foot of Taylor street.

Carpenters will be ready to inclose the hull of the O. S. N. Co.'s new boat at the boneyard in a few days.

The State circuit court will convene this morning. There will be no county court until next Saturday.

Navigation will probably be resumed on the Upper Columbia in about ten days, if the stage of water will admit.

Ankeny's Theater is rapidly approaching the finishing touches, and will be ready to open about the 20th inst.

To-morrow at 1 o'clock the capitol commissioners will open bids for brick work on the capitol building, at Salem.

Several persons talk of going to Stikine on the next steamer bound north. They say that the excitement has not abated.

Pleasant weather yesterday, and the ladies were out in new spring styles which were quite attractive, particularly the tight-fitting suits.

The Willamet Iron Works are engaged making a shaft for the new stern wheel boat to be built this season at Oregon City by the O. S. N. Co.

A foremast and foretop-mast are being made on the west bank of the river near the railroad ferry landing, for some of the vessels now in port.

The tired house-hunter walks till her "feet are ready to drop off," and then puts an advertisement in the papers and gets a house without any further trouble.

Three arrests were made last evening, and the following cases will be disposed of this morning: Chas. Warren, for tearing down a sign; N. O'Neil, assault and battery; Pat Daly, drunk and disorderly.

Between the foot of Oak street and the southern end of the O. S. N. Co.'s wharf the river shore is lined with broken boats, logs, and drift wood of every description. The aspect is anything but inviting.

Many persons owning lock boxes in the postoffice leave them unlocked all the time. If they should miss a valuable letter it will be likely to cause the careless person to purchase a key and use it in the future.

Ladies connected with the German fair were out yesterday soliciting whatever liberal persons were inclined to donate. Clerks and hangers-on found pressing business on the outside about the time the ladies called.

Capt. "Billy" Becannon, who has stood at the wheel of the steamer *Shoo Fly* for some time, has resigned his position and will hereafter assist in running the tug *Ben Holladay*. Capt. J. N. Fisher now has charge of the *Shoo Fly*.

The managers of the German Aid Society's fair sell tickets for the season, these tickets being numbered and entitling the holder to a chance in the raffle at the close of the fair. The arrangement gives all who hold tickets an equal chance.

A number of men were engaged yesterday in placing the boiler in the O. S. N. Co.'s new boat, which was launched last week. The work is being pushed vigorously on this craft and from appearances she will be ready to make her trial trip in a few weeks.

Yesterday morning at an early hour we observed a *canim* land at the foot of Oak street, containing two Indian bucks, four squaws and one papoose. Where, oh where, we ask, is O. A. B., "agent for roving bands of Indians in Oregon?" Let him "gather them in."

A few evenings since a party of ladies and gentlemen dropped in upon Hon. A. J. Dufur and lady, at their residence in East Portland. Though their visit was unexpected, it was none the less heartily welcomed by the host and hostess, who exerted themselves to make the evening enjoyable to their visitors and succeeded admirably.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Newark Land Company, San Francisco. For information address Chas. R. Peters, Manager.

A. B. Richardson, the auctioneer, will sell on Thursday, at 10 A. M., the household furniture on the premises, Second and A streets.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

The very finest photographs are now taken at the new firm of Shuster & Dennie, who have just refitted their rooms, corner of First and Yamhill.

And the cry is "Still they come," to Fabre & Barnes' for the good things.

Consumers acknowledge that the best collars made are the Elmwood and Warwick. If you have not tried them, do so now.

OBSTRUCTIONS AT THE CASCADES.

In a recent number of the Salem *Record*, we observe the following paragraph in relation to the official action of Gen. N. Michler, which does that officer great injustice: "Since the failure of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad bill, our delegation in Congress have been very industriously endeavoring to get an appropriation for the canal and locks at the Cascades. The dilatory action of Gen. Michler has been a serious obstacle to overcome in their work. This gentleman was ordered to make surveys for locks at the above point over one year ago, but at latest accounts from Washington no report had been received from him."

Now we happen to know from official data furnished us at the office in this city, that Gen. Michler was not ordered to make the survey referred to, until July 29th, 1874. The letter authorizing such survey, was not received from Washington until the 10th of August following, less than six months, instead of "over one year," at which time $5,000 was allotted for the work. At the time General Michler was engaged in making the surveys of sites for military reservations on San Juan and adjacent islands, and only returned to this city with his party on the 1st of September. On the 3d of September, accompanied by Mr. Habersham and thirteen men, Gen. Michler started for the Dalles, and the surveys at that point and at the Cascades were completed on the 28th of October. From the latter date the work of preparing the maps and preliminary report were pushed forward as rapidly as possible, and on the 16th of January, 1875, both report and maps were forwarded to the chief of engineers. It will thus be seen that only a little over four months were consumed on this important work. A telegram was forwarded to Washington on the 5th of February, giving the probable cost of constructing the proposed canal around the Cascades and Dalles of the Columbia, and on the 12th of the same month, Gen. Michler telegraphed the length of the proposed canal around the Cascades, number of locks, width and lift of same, rise of water, etc., etc., with the probable cost. It will be seen by the foregoing that there was no "dilatory action" on the part of Gen. Michler; that the work was pushed rapidly, and that the report must have reached Washington not later than Feb. 1st. Simple justice to this officer requires that these facts should be known, and that the responsibility, if any exists, of not getting an appropriation for these important works should rest where it properly belongs. Had the editor of the *Record* made application at Gen. Michler's office, he would have been cheerfully furnished the foregoing facts.

LETTER FROM NEBRASKA.

Col. Dudley Evans is in receipt of the following letter from Wells, Fargo & Co.'s agent at Lincoln, Nebraska:

LINCOLN, Feb. 20, 1875.

Mr. Dudley Evans, Agent, Portland, Oregon—DEAR SIR: Yours dated Feb. 10, 1875, received. I have written to Mr. Jno. A. Harmon, of Crete, Nebraska, and upon receipt of his letter, will forward as per request of Mr. H. Thielsen and lady, whatever Mr. H. desires. The suffering is terrible this cold winter. Childrens' shoes and stockings are wanted; boots and shoes, large sizes—anything will do. Could the donors see for themselves the condition of these poor farmers, it would make their hearts sick. Everything they get, new or old, is appreciated to the fullest extent. A great many intelligent men who came out West and took farms, well supplied with good clothing, were compelled to trade their best clothing for food. Many are obliged to keep fire night and day for the want of clothing. I offered one man yesterday some flour. He had nine children, and he refused to take it. He wanted clothing; and, said he, I have plenty of wheat to grind, and there are *many* who have *no wheat* and *need the flour more than I do*. They sympathize with one another, and none but those in need are provided for.

In the name of the sufferers, allow me to return my sincere thanks to those who were so kind as to contribute.

Yours, respectfully,
W. H. WALLACE, Agent.

PHONOGRAPHY IN THE SCHOOLS.

PORTLAND, Feb. 8, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In your issue of to-day you speak very highly of the public schools of Portland. They certainly deserve all the praise that you have bestowed upon them. But to be of greatest excellence, and indeed the pride of the city, the study of phonography should be introduced as a necessary branch of education, unsurpassed by any other. It is certainly only a question of time, and it should be commenced as soon as possible. It is well understood that it is a great labor and time-saving invention, but only the phonographer knows what a powerful engine he has at his command; what numerous advantages it gives him, enabling him to become a ready writer and deep thinker, and consequently, in time, a ready and correct speaker. The amount of mental labor it can accomplish is beyond computation. Let the tax-payers give it their attention, and call the attention of the directors to its importance. The press should lend its powerful influence to have it taught by a competent and judicious teacher, and when the scholars enter into the business of life and reap the benefit of this great invention, they will look back with feelings of gratitude to the institutions whose liberal controllers afforded them the opportunity of acquiring this great art of beauty and utility. MRS. J.

NEW BOOKS.

The following has been presented to the Portland Library by the Hon. M. P. Deady:

Reports of cases decided in the circuit and district courts of the United States for the 9th circuit, embracing cases at law, civil and criminal, in equity admiralty and bankruptcy, and cases on appeal from the American consular and ministerial courts, in China and Japan; reported by L. S. B. Sawyer, counselor at law. Vol. 1.

IMPORTANT.

The members of Baker and Canby Post No 1, Department of Oregon, G. A. R., are requested to meet at their hall on Wednesday evening, March 10th, at 7 P. M., for the transaction of important business.

W. S. NEWBURY, Post Com.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and sixty acres of land, partly under cultivation, near Hubbard Station, east side railroad. For further information inquire of W. S. HALLRUNER,
Plumber, First st., bet. Taylor & Salmon.

Spring style of fashionable silk hat received per *Oriflamme*, introduced this day by Currier & Co., hatters and clothiers.

BUSY.—The clerks at Joseph Kohn's have just completed the transfer of the first installment of Spring Goods, from the boxes to the counters and shelves in the spacious store. Everything is new and stylish, and will certainly please the patrons of this house. Another installment will arrive on the next steamer, the whole making a grand display. Without waiting to see what may follow, look in at Kohn's and have them show the present stock. They propose to sell at prices to suit the present state of business. Recollect Kohn's, opposite National Bank.

Although there is no immediate prospect of the building of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, the firm of BECK & WALDMAN are still prepared to give customers, old and new, the very best bargains in clothing. They have a splendid stock and propose to keep it complete. New Goods arrive per every steamer. Youths' clothing continues a specialty at this house. Call to-day, or at any time you happen to pass.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office.)
PORTLAND.

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clk, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

EXEMPT FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

A regular meeting of this association was held last evening at the police courtroom. Present, a fair number of the members of the association.

Mr. A. B. Hallock, President in the chair, and Stubrick Norris, Secretary, present.

The minutes of the last regular meeting read and approved.

The roll was called, and all members present answered to their names.

A report was read from the secretary of the association, which showed a balance on hand of $167 50. The report, on motion, was referred to the auditing committee.

The collection of fines and dues was next in order, resulting in the collection of the sum of $27.

Mayor Failing offered the following preamble and resolution, which was, on motion, adopted:

WHEREAS, In consequence of the absence of W. S. Ladd from the State the board of directors have failed to enter upon their duties as required by the constitution; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the association proceed to the election of a board of directors.

The association proceeded to the election of a board of directors, with the following result: Henry Failing, C. H. Lewis, T. A. Davis, P. Taylor, Al. Zeiber, B. F. Goodwin.

On motion, the association proceeded to fill the vacancy of treasurer. W. S. Ladd, Esq., having received the unanimous vote of the association, was declared duly elected treasurer.

On motion, the association adjourned.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

James Freeland, Ohio
Myron H Sheppard, Salem
Elgin Parrett,
H Warren & wf, Or City
Frank Lindreu, St Joe
H Batchelder, Kalama
C F Johnson,
B G Jacobs, Astoria
A Haine, Vancouver
M L Manning, Red Bluffs
J C Perkins,
Mrs McKinslo & d, Salem
Chas Kohn, San Fran
H Anderson, New York
C Baldwin, Eugene

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

T M Wilson, Wash Ter
J McKay,
C A Freeman, Eureka
O P Beardsley, Salem
W H Daniels, Vancouver
G W Maxwell, Columbia City
J Wolfard, Silverton
D M French, Dalles
J B Dexter, Roseburg
J Q A Bowlby, Astoria
C M Cartwright, Salem
Col Lord,
J B Jackson, Dalles
Otis Sprague, Kalama
A H Chambers, Olympia
Z C Norton, Norton, Or
James Watson, Freeport
C P Redfield, San Fran

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

J Riley, Cathlamet
W Newell, Dilley
J Cone, Butteville
Miss Williams, Or City
John F Brien, San Fran
Cline Musterson, Dayton
John Dooley, Olympia
T N Lakin, Cornelius
John Leeforce, San Fran
Miss Bartlett, Or City
Z W Burnham, San Fran
Chas O Pelland, Champ'g
L Bergevin,
A G Tabor,
Mrs S E Birdsell & dd, Silver City
Mrs Vanvleet, Kalama
G E Tyskirwitz, Lake R'r
John F Leo, Ochoco

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

W A Whitman & wf, Pendleton
J Holman, wf & son, Seattle
Chas Thompson, Tacoma
H Beresford, Olympia
J Danfield, Salem
C Redfield, Astoria

NATIONAL HOTEL.

Joseph Day, Gugler Sl'gh
A Nicholson, Soap Creek
J Blakeley,
T J Blake,
J H Lamberson, Scappoose
Jno French,
W T Hall, Albina
S Phillips, Beardon
Chas Myers, Yamhill Co
J H Fenster, Tualatin
S T Gass, Scappoose
C Chapman, Powell's V'y
Jas Walker, Skamania Co

ASK THE MOTHERS.

Women have better opportunities for observing the effects of medicine than men. This is especially true of mothers, who note with a keenness born of affection, the operation of the remedies they administer to their children. Now ask any mother who has used HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR in her family as a cure for coughs, colds, hoarseness, whooping cough, croup or influenza, what she thinks of it. The answer in every instance will be that she has found it the most effective preparation of its kind she has ever tried or heard of.

PIKE'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS—Cure in one minute.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhoea, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can do it by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co., Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

REMOVED.

C. H. MYERS,
PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAM FITTER,
HAS REMOVED TO
Corner Front and Taylor Streets.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. tf

OYSTERS!

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated
Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties
ARE SERVED.

Gem Oyster Saloon!

THE PROPRIETOR ANTICIPATING a freeze up, ordered a large supply of EASTERN OYSTERS by the last steamer; and also, SHOALWATER BAY'S by last steamer from Astoria.

If the blockade continues the "GEM" will have the Oyster Business "Cornered."

N.B.—Our Oysters are all in a cellar, away from the frost, and will keep for months.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON

KEPT BY OLD WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST four years conducted the Gem Oyster Saloon, to the universal satisfaction of his employers and all who visited said place, is now prepared to attend to the wants of his numerous friends at his own place, which he warrants will be kept only on First Class principles. He also would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has made arrangements to get FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS expressly selected for him twice a week, and A No. 1 EASTERN OYSTERS per every steamer.

A cordial invitation is extended to Ladies and Gentlemen to come and convince themselves as to the kind of a place he keeps.

WM. WALLER.
Oak street, 2d door west of Pfunder's Drug store.

MOON'S
Pacific Oyster & Chop House,
S. E. Cor. Second and Stark Sts.

FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS, Plain Stews, Fried Oysters, Fancy Roasts and large plate raw Oysters, 40 cents a dish. Per Hundred 50 cents.

Prices reduced on account of doing all the work myself.

Everything is kept in first class style. Ladies and gentlemen desiring to visit a first class Oyster and Chop House are respectfully invited to call and I will guarantee they will find such at my place.
fe3d1m JOHN MOON.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAMS & KRUMBEIN.
Architects,
Office—Room 17 Dekum's Building.

H. W. DILG,
Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,
Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line.

Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order. d31 1m

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY)
As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:10 P. M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:15 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing
PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.,

To take Effect Monday, Novem'r 23, 1874, at 6 A. M.

Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	2:00 P. M.	St. Joseph	6:00 P. M.
St. Joseph	7:00 A. M.	Portland	11:00 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

On and after Sunday, August 16, there will be no trains run on Sundays.

Freight received at the Company's New Warehouse, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5:30 P. M.
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	12:40 P. M.

CONNECTIONS:

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Thursdays and Saturdays with Steamer for Victoria and Stikine River.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.
Kalama, W. T., Feb. 6, 1875.

WINDOW GLASS.
350 BOXES,
AT COST OF IMPORTATION
FROM ENGLAND,
Sizes from 8x10 to 28x40,
IN LOTS TO SUIT.
FOR SALE BY
GEO. L. STORY,
PORTLAND.

Orders can be left with J. M. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND
NAILS.
THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.
Shelf and Builders' Hardware,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
&c., &c., at
67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.
JOHN R. FOSTER.

GEORGE MORROW, WILLIAM SCOTT.
GEO. MORROW & CO.
GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
39 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco
Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Ogn
s12d6m

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
PUBLIC READING ROOM.

LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS, AND MAGAZINES—a warm, comfortable room, where the citizen and stranger—especially young men—are always welcome.

Noon meetings daily, except Sundays, from 12:15 till 1 P. M.

Room No. 1, over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, corner of Stark and First streets. W. C. CHATTIN,
General Secretary.

SNODGRASS & CO.,
CINCINNATI, O.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For sale of
OREGON SALMON.

Orders for purchase of COTTON GOODS, OILS, PROVISIONS, Etc., will have prompt attention.
oc19-1aw6m

A BARGAIN.

FOR SALE AT VERY LOW FIGURES THE following valuable property, six miles below Salem, on west bank of Willamette River: One STEAM SAW MILL with PLANER, &c.; one STEAM FLOURING MILL, machinery new and of latest improvements. Both in good order, in the center of a splendid wheat district. Flour loaded into steamers from mill. Comprise 4 acres of land, warehouse, dwelling, &c. Will sell entire or Flour Mill only. For terms and particulars address LINCOLN MILLING CO.,
fe5d1mwlt Lincoln, Polk Co., Ogn.

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of R. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP
JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.,
Corner Columbia and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our Works, we are now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates

Repairing promptly attended to. ja27dly

WILLAMET IRON WORKS,
Incorporated September 14, 1865,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS.

P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary......PETER TAYLOR, President.

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills; Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
WATER WHEELS, of several patterns, equal to any imported, on hand and made to order, of any size.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc.
House Castings, Etc., Etc.
jal tf JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on
LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States.

President .... HENRY FAILING,
Cashier .... JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital........$1,562,500
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES
In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES
In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland,
New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

NO 6 POST STREET, MASONIC TEMPLE, San Francisco. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit—Dividends paid Semi-Annually. Loans made on approved security. Certificates of Deposit issued payable at New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and the principal cities of the Atlantic States and Canada. This Bank solicits the patronage of all persons. Wm. H. Culver, President; Frances Smith, Vice President; H. T. Graves, Sec'y; Leonidas E. Pratt, Attorney. all d&w6m

BLUE LICK
WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at jobbing rates.

H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT,
Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,
No. 147 First, near Taylor street.

J. SIMON & CO.,
56 FRONT STREET.
DEALERS IN
DOORS AND BLIND
WINDOW SASH, ETC.
1,000 Boxes Glass
ENAMELED GLASS,
STAINED GLASS,
CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS.

PRICES REDUCED
Call before purchasing elsewhere.
GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

F. GOLDSMITH. J. LOEWENBERG.
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.
(Successors to Friedman & Co.,)
33 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block.
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES, METALS,
AND
TINMAN'S STOCK.
AGENCY for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES

Proposals for Lumber for the Capitol Building at Salem, Oregon.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE of the Board of Capitol Building Commissioners for the following, to-wit:

About 200,000 Feet of Lumber.

This Lumber must be furnished within the times and conform to the bills and specifications of the same now to be seen in the office of the architect, W. W. Piper, in Salem.

Said bids must be accompanied by an undertaking with two or more sureties, of not less than five per cent. of the amount of said bid, conditioned that if the contract be awarded to the said bidder he will enter into bonds for the faithful performance of said contract.

The bids received by the Board for said lumber will be opened by said Board at their office in Salem, on the 3d day of April, 1875, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day.

The Board reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Cash in coin will be paid.

Bids will also be received on the same terms, at the same time and place, for the

CARPENTER WORK

Necessary in constructing and putting on the roof of said building.

The same to be performed according to the plans and specifications of the work now in the office of said architect.

By order of the Board.
H. STAPLETON, President.
P. L. WILLIS, Secretary.
Salem, March 2, 1875. mar3d1m

PROPOSALS for BRICK WORK
FOR THE
STATE CAPITOL BUILDING
AT SALEM.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR LAYING ALL bricks necessary to enclose said building according to plans and specifications, which can be seen at the Architect's office in Salem.

Said bids must be accompanied by an undertaking with two or more sureties of not less than five per cent. of the amount of said bid, conditioned that if the contract be awarded to the said bidder he will enter into bonds for the faithful performance of said contract.

The bids received by the Board for said Brick work will be opened by said Board at their office in Salem, on the 10th day of March, 1875, at one o'clock P. M. of said day. The Board reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

U. S. Coin will be paid as the work progresses.

By order of the Board.
H. STAPLETON, Pres't.
P. L. WILLIS, Secretary.
Salem, Feb. 10, 1875. fe12d30d

Redemption of Canal and Lock Bonds,
Am't Applicable for Redemption, $43,000.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Feb. 11, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, at his office at Salem, until Saturday, March 13th, 1875, for the surrender of Bonds issued under provisions of an act of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, entitled "An act to appropriate funds for the construction of a steamboat canal at the Willamette Falls," approved October 21, 1870, in amount equal to the cash on hand for the purchase thereof, at a rate not to exceed ninety-five percent of the par value of said bonds, as provided by an act of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, entitled "An act to authorize the State Treasurer to convert currency funds into coin in certain cases and also to pay off the Lock Bonds," approved October 26, 1874.

All proposals must be sealed and addressed to the State Treasurer, Salem, Oregon.

A. H. BROWN,
fe13dtw State Treasurer.

Treasurer's Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Jan. 29, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE IS money in the Treasury applicable to the payment of the following warrants drawn on the Treasury since the 14th day of September, 1874, to-wit: Nos. 292, 293, 373, 374, 381, 386, 391, 395, 404, 405, 394, 397, 403, 407, 408, 416, 431, 385, 439, 477, 478, 450, 457, 488, 489, 451, 452, 457, 459, 461, 493, 492, 491, 494, 443, 496, 497, 428, 499, 506, 449, 509, 511, 512, 514, 515, 516, 517, 520, 521, 522, 523, 525, 529, 530, 526, 537, 538, 539, 540, 544, 542, 543, 545, 548, 549, 551, 552, 566, 567, 582, 399.

Interest on the above warrants will not be allowed after this date. A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, January 21, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds now on hand in the Treasury applicable to the payment of warrants drawn on the Treasurer since the 14th day of September, A. D. 1874, to-wit: Nos. 96, 244, 245, 264, 265, 266, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 268, 270, 280, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 282, 290, 291, 318, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 320, 321, 322, 304, 305, 323, 325, 327, 379, 328, 331, 336, 337, 338, 339, 331, 343, 383, 346, 348, 351, 352, 353, 354, 358, 361, 340, 366.

Interest will not be allowed after this date.
A. H. BROWN, State Treasurer.

H. L. PITTOCK,
AGENT FOR CLACKAMAS PAPER MILLS,
KEEPS A FULL LINE OF
Straw, Manila and Hardware
WRAPPING PAPERS,
PAPER BAGS, SHIPPING TAGS,
Book, News and Flat Papers,
CARDS,
AND ALL KINDS OF
PRINTERS' STATIONERY.
72 Front Street, Portland,

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories, we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches.

Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the world, through our own and connecting Expresses, at Greatly Reduced rates.

COLLECTIONS MADE, and Commissions for Purchase of Goods, etc., etc., will receive prompt attention.

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe, and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

TO IMMIGRANTS.

PLEASE CALL AT STATE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION Rooms, Ankeny's Market, and procure tickets entitling you to travel by railroads and Steamers all over the State at half fares. Also, where employment is obtainable, Farms for sale and to rent, and other information as to Oregon, free of charge. fe27tf

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1875

THE KING OF THE LOBBY

AN ENGLISH VIEW OF UNCLE SAM WARD

Let not English censors be too ready to take up their parable against "Sam Ward" and the lobby over which he presides. It is true that in this country the time has gone by when it was possible for Sir Robert Walpole and for ministers much nearer to our day to buy the votes given by members of Parliament; but upon going back to the history of the last century, we shall have little difficulty in finding that England was then no better than the United States are now. That the political and social atmosphere of Washington is far from being in an elevated condition may be inferred from the easy *bonhomie* with which Mr. Ward, "his eyes twinkling with good humor and his whole person giving evidence of his being not only in belief but also in practice, a disciple of the gospel of gastronomy," admitted, amid roars of laughter, that he had taken $500 as a retaining fee to assist in securing the passage of the subsidy to be given by Congress to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and that when the bill had passed he received a further present of $8,000. "The latter amount was much more than I deserved," said the gay and cheerful veteran, "seeing that I had done very little." "Frank Hervey," said the great Dr Johnson, "was a very wicked man, but he was very kind to me. If you called a dog *Hervey* I should love him." The same feelings will be uppermost with regard to Sam Ward in the minds of most Englishmen who have lately sojourned in Washington and New York. Our Transatlantic kinsmen are, in many respects, the kindest, most generous and hospitable of hosts, but the art of giving dinners is one that, with few and rare exceptions, they have not as yet acquired. If it were possible for such an official as Lycurgus suggested in the Constitution of Sparta, and whom he called "the public entertainer," to find favor in the eyes of the American people, we have no hesitation in saying that Samuel Ward would be selected to fill the post by the universal acclamation of his fellow-countrymen. It cannot be denied that since the days of Mr Buchanan the hospitality of Washington has not been of a very refined or generous order. Universal suffrage has latterly thrown many uncouth Western men to the surface who are more familiar with the manners and phraseology of a bar-room than with the conventional usages of polite society. Dinners at the White House are nowadays rare occurrences, and few Europeans who have once partaken of its hospitality would entertain much desire to have their experience repeated. But a dinner with "Sam Ward" is "an oasis in memory's waste," of which the recollection cannot be expelled by what our French neighbors call a *festin de Balthazar*. There is no country in the world where the raw materials of a dinner are more abundant and diversified than the United States, and the *menu* suggested by a Ward and handled by a Welcker would move many a European Apicius to envy. Fin Bec, who is not the least able of French gastronomical writers, signalizes San Francisco and Baltimore as the two best towns in the world for supplying the fish, flesh, game, fruit and vegetables necessary for the preparation of an exquisite dinner. Profiting by his hint, the "King of the Lobby" well understands how to turn to advantage the vast edible resources of his native country, and such has long been the hospitality extended by Mr Ward to English visitors of mark while traveling in the United States that they can never fail to hold him in hearty and kindly remembrance.—*London Telegraph.*

A NICE CAPTAIN TO SAIL WITH.—During the investigation of the *Alabama* claim before the United States District Court Commissioner, in this city, an awkward and modest seaman was called for examination. The man informed the Court that he had assessed his own loss at $100, and did not think the figure should be any less. An aggressive lawyer asked how the loss was sustained. The victim proceeded to state that the vessel to which he was attached was captured by the *Alabama* and he was deprived of his clothes. "So you valued your clothes at $100, did you?" said the attorney, "and, pray, how comes it that you were possessed of such a valuable kit?" The sailor was a little nettled by the impudent question of the lawyer and with difficulty preserved his temper. The question took the edge off his modesty, however, and he quietly said: "If you will allow me I will tell my own story. When the privateer captured the ship our captain says to me, 'We shall be permitted to take but one bag of clothes to each man. Now, steward (I was then acting as steward) I can't get all my clothes in a bag and must necessarily leave some nice suits behind. Just help yourself after I have filled my bag. You are welcome to what is left.' Well, I left all my old clothes in my bunk and helped myself to what the Captain had discarded. After we had been released by the privateer and were coming home on another vessel, the Captain took from me all the clothes which I had saved in my bag, leaving me with only one suit." The examining lawyer muttered something about the unparalleled meanness of the Captain, but had no more questions to ask.—*S F Bulletin.*

EARTHQUAKES AND MAGNETIC DISTURBANCES.—Mr Lamont, Director of the Observatory at Munich, says that many cases are known where magnetic disturbances coincide with earthquakes, and states that, on April 18th, 1874, he by chance saw the needle of the declination instrument receive a sudden jerk, the oscillations continuing for some time. After some days he received news that violent oscillations of the needle had been observed in Parma, and subsequent computations showed that the movement had begun at the same moment in Parma and in Munich; while, later still, reports were received of a violent earthquake occurring simultaneously in Greece.

FINANCIAL EXHIBIT OF POLK COUNTY

We the undersigned who were employed by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Polk County, to examine the Records of said County and make an exhibit of the finances thereof have made a fair and impartial examination of said Records and find the following to be a true exhibit of the finances of Polk County on the 7th day of July A D 1874.

R. L. FRAKER,
J D LEE

Exhibit of the Finances of Polk County, July 7th, 1874

Amount of unpaid warrants	$1 840 46	
Debts due for which warrants have not been issued		
James Orendorff for lumber	241 00	
R. M. May Treasurer's salary one year	[illegible]00 00	
J H. Meyer Judge last quarter's salary	125 00	
J C Grubbs, medical attendance on pauper	130 00	
Services of Judges and Clerks of Election June 1874	146 60	
Geo Tillotson, building Yamhill bridge	1 [illegible]0 00	
D J Holmes, clerk's fees	60 40	
J C Grubbs school sup't salary for 1874	200 00	
B F Tanner rep'g Yamhill bridge	125 00	
Geo Tillotson building Mill creek bridge	1 323 00	
Geo Tillotson drafting plans locating and letting Yamhill and Mill creek bridges	98 00	
By am't in Treasury coin		$ 185 6
By am't currency $331 05 @ 90 cts		[illegible]
By am't State Warrant		83 60
By am't in Sheriff's hands		1 [illegible]13 1
	6 608 46	2 137 61
Total liabilities		$6 608 46
Total assets		2 137 61
Total indebtedness		$4,[illegible]0 8[illegible]

In addition to the above, Marion County holds a demand against this County for $2,036, cost in the case of State of Oregon against A H. Whitley, transferred from this County to Marion County.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

MONDAY EVENING March 8 1875

Gold in New York 114⅞

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling 88½.

Legal tenders in San Francisco 87½ buying 88 selling.

Sight exchange on San Francisco coin ½ ⅌c discount; currency ½ of 1 per cent prem.

Sight exchange on New York coin ¾ of one per cent prem, and currency ½ of one per cent.

Price of Sterling exchange in New York $4 84½@4 88.

Gold bars "2½@"[illegible]

Though the latest wheat telegrams from Liverpool indicated a rise of 3d per cental on lots of average California ex warehouse no other change in that market was noted by the same advices, yet it is fair to presume that other qualities as club and Oregon wheat and wheat in transit and for shipment were correspondingly advanced, and were quotable nominally as so much higher.

The fair weather at the opening of the week portends pretty well for business matters, and in the activity noticed on our street trade has set in with more vigor than is usual on Monday. The condition in monetary circles presents but little worthy of especial comment, the customary business being transacted at very nearly the same rates ruling two months ago. We hear of course complaints of dull times from some people of all classes, but at the same time there appears to be no lack of loanable funds to supply the current demand as far as that demand is accompanied by first class security or prime commercial paper. There is no surplus of the latter on the market at this particular time and some inquiry for such is observed.

The merchandise market has changed but little since last week in any particular; buyers in greater numbers than usual so early in the week are here looking around but not as yet buying largely of spring stocks.

The produce trade is fairly active at quotations and shipments in some lines quite brisk. The oats shipments to San Francisco to-day were over 10,000 sacks, and other products in large quantities. With a better stage of water in the upper Willamette produce movements would be materially increased, though in wheat and flour the "dead lock" between producers and shippers heretofore noticed seems yet to keep the market almost bare of transactions in that line. This is not likely to be much improved until other grain carrying vessels arrive, there being now in port but one ship loading wheat, the Corsica, and her cargo is in sight. All the vessels at Astoria having completed and cleared except the Wetterhorn, whose cargo is alongside, the Grangers' ship, Euterpe and the Sussex discharged.

Wheat Statistics a Necessity.

The last advance on wheat in the Liverpool market amounted to about two cents on the cental, which has up to this time been sustained, but that this indicates any further or a permanent rise we are hardly inclined to believe. In fact the probabilities would seem to predominate in the other direction. The *Rural Press*, which speaks officially for the California Grangers, says on this subject that the advance will, of course bring up the confidence of the farmer to be cast down again as quickly by the slightest decline; and this is because in regard to what governs the course of the market, in regard to what regulates supply and demand, the average agriculturist is entirely in the dark. This is the fault of governments and associations which neglect the very important duty of collecting reliable statistics on such matters. To judge of what his action ought to be the agriculturist should keep monthly posted as to stocks and consumption in all parts of the world, as to acreage, probable product, probable demand and stock on hand. Then he could forecast with almost unerring certainty. This is one of the most important objects that should occupy the attention of the Grange. As they are at present we need hardly say that in a majority of cases such statistics as those above referred to are mere guesses, more or less happy, but they are guesses after all. In California last year while some authorities placed the wheat crop at 24,000,000 centals others gave no more than 12,000,000, while the estimates of English statisticians were equally wild and divergent. The man who will take the initiative in this matter will deserve the thanks not only of the farmer but of the entire community of wheat growers and wheat eaters.

English Breadstuffs Market.

Commenting upon the prospects of the English markets, Beerbohm's *London Corn Trade List* submits a table containing an estimate of the total quantity of wheat expected to arrive in the United Kingdom during the months of February, March and April, according to which the foreign supplies are about 810,000 quarters for the month. The *List* adds:

The estimate of the further shipments from the United States, Russia, etc., will inevitably be demurred to by some readers; indeed it has been intimated to the writer by those who are well acquainted with the United States and whose opinion he greatly values, that the quantity from that country will probably be smaller; but if so, it may very possibly be larger from other countries; the shipping capacities of Odessa and other ports in the south of Russia are sufficiently known, and there can be no certainty as to the extent of the shipments from thence. It is possible also that before the end of April some quantity may be arriving from France, for be it observed that the estimate given to-day comprises flour as well as wheat, and it is submitted with the intention of rather over estimating the probable supplies than the reverse, in order to keep the prudent side.

The following table above alluded to is made up to January 28th, at which time there were 248 wheat (and flour) cargoes on passage for the United Kingdom. The flour on passage was reduced to wheat. And the wheat to arrive allowing one month for steamers and three months for sailers from Black sea, Azof and Danube; one month for sailers from Atlantic ports; three and a half months from Chile and four and a half months from San Francisco and Oregon.

From	Due Feb.	Due Mch	Due Apl
Azof qrs	140 000	33 000	
Black Sea	116 000	84 000	40 000
Danube	10 000	18 000	
Atlantic ports U S	125 000		
S Francisco & Oregon	23[illegible] 000	260 000	3[illegible]0 000
Chile	10 000	20 000	
Sundries	5 000		
Total	640 000	415 000	400 000
Probable additional supplies			
Atlantic ports, U S qrs	70 000	200 000	250 000
Black and Baltic Seas	50 000	100 000	150 000
Sundries	30 000	50 000	80 000
Grand total	790 000	765 000	88[illegible] 000

EXPORTS.

Per British ship Conflict dispatched to Cork for orders by Corbitt & Macleay March 8th, 53,615 bushels wheat, valued at $48 253 50.

Per steamship Ajax dispatched by the O S S Co for San Francisco March 8th—2 000 qr sks flour, 401 sks oats, 2 074 sks flax seed, 89 cs bacon, 40 bbls pork, 22 sks timothy seed, 153 bxs [illegible], 405 sks onions, 1 427 bxs apples, 45 bxs pears, 5 [illegible] and 7 kegs dried apples, 350 bdls barrel staves, 31 bdls barrel heads, 240 bdls [illegible], 30 bales buckwheat flour, 5 bales oatmeal, 2 bags garden seeds, 4 rolls leather, 4 pkgs chair frames, and 23 miscellaneous pkgs.

Per barkentine Portland for San Francisco dispatched by Geo H Flanders, March 8th—12 000 sks oats, 1,550 qr sks flour, 10 half bbls and 225 pkges fruit, 1 025 bundles barrel staves, 150 tons old iron, 3 tons old rope, 36 bales blankets and 120 000 feet lumber.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Oriflamme will be due from San Francisco to-morrow night.

The steamship Ajax sailed for San Francisco at 10 A M to-day carrying a light freight and no passengers.

The barkentine Portland with produce for San Francisco went down the river this afternoon. She will take on a deck load of lumber and go to sea in a few days.

The bark Corsica is at the north dock putting in new masts etc.

The British ship Conflict, loaded at Astoria, has cleared for Europe.

The steamship California from Sitka arrived at 8 30 this evening.

The barkentine Webfoot cleared from San Francisco for Portland March 1st.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO March 8—Arrived—Bark Caroline Reed Port Blakeley, bktn Ella [illegible], Amapala.

Sailed—Br ship Cordillera Cork; bark Amie [illegible]; schr Louisa Simpson Mazatlan.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO March 8—Flour—Extra $[illegible]
Wheat—$1 [illegible]
Barley—Choice bay brewing $1 [illegible]; [illegible] $1 40@1 45
Oats—$1 60@1 80.
Hay—$1[illegible]; choice $10
Potatoes—$1 65@1 8[illegible].
Onions—Best yellow $1 [illegible]@1 [illegible]½

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—The transactions in this cereal continue very limited as there is not much to encourage business, the prices of tonnage ruling about as at last reports and the foreign markets though slightly improved being considered in a fluctuating condition and liable to move up or down according to circumstances, the probabilities being about as much in favor of one direction as the other. The vessels now at hand under engagement are all well along in loading, and at present there is but one in port loading—the Corsica—and she will be finished by the first of next week. The Euterpe is at Astoria and lacks about 500 tons, while the Conflict at the same place has completed. Under these circumstances it is not strange that shippers are indifferent purchasers and decline to quote at anything over $1 [illegible] per cental for ordinary lots. A round lot however would probably find a buyer at $1 87½.

FLOUR—The bark Spirit of the Dawn has just cleared for Liverpool with nearly 1,[illegible] barrels of flour. The stocks on hand are quite large and receipts continue to be heavy from mills in the interior. Quotations remain at $4 25@4 50 per bbl for jobbing lots of standard extras, $4 for good outside and country brands and $3 [illegible]0@3 [illegible] for superfine.

OATS—There is a duller feeling in the market and some leading buyers decline to pay over [illegible] cents per bushel for fair lots including sacks, while the extreme maximum quotations are [illegible] cents against [illegible] last week, and the demand lighter.

BARLEY—Offers [illegible] of interest as there have not been sufficient dealings to establish values. [illegible] receipts are [illegible] and prices nominally at $1 2[illegible]@1 40 ⅌ 100 lbs according to the quality.

MILL FEED—There is no improvement in the condition of the trade, and we quote the market dull at $[illegible]@[illegible] 50 per ton for middlings, bran $[illegible], chops $25@[illegible], shorts [illegible], oil cake $[illegible].

HAY—No change in prices since last week, the supply is full for the current demand; good timothy quotable at $11@13 per ton.

POTATOES—There is a fair demand for good lots for shipment at [illegible]2½@[illegible] per bushel, the range of quotations being [illegible].

ONIONS—There is rather a better feeling in the market and choice lots are quotable at $1 50 ⅌ 100 pounds.

APPLES RIPE—There are many more in the country than it was thought the cold weather had left. Shipment [illegible]. Choice lots assorted and neatly packed command $1 per box; loose from wagon quotable at [illegible].

APPLES DRIED—There is the usual demand at low rate. 4½@5c ⅌ lb in sacks, [illegible] in kegs.

BACON—The market is largely supplied and hams and shoulders find slow sale. Sides are quotable at 11@11½c, [illegible] hams [illegible]; shoulders 8[illegible]c.

LARD—There is a fair demand for a good article in kegs or tins full weight, at 12½@13½c ⅌ lb.

BUTTER—There is a greater scarcity than has been noted for a long time and choice is eagerly sought for for the home trade at 40c ⅌ lb.

EGGS—So depressed is the San Francisco market that few dealers care much about handling for shipment. The requirements of the home trade are fully met at 15@16 cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Choice lots of full grown are worth $4@4 25 ⅌ dozen; common and mixed $3 [illegible]@3 75.

DRESSED HOGS—The packing season having closed, the only demand is for the home trade and is not brisk at 6@6½c ⅌ lb.

BEEF CATTLE—There have been but few arrivals of choice lots during the past week, and for such prices have advanced to 6 cts ⅌ lb net on foot; ordinary quotable at [illegible]c.

MUTTON SHEEP—There are very few lots offering, and choice are worth $3 25@3 75 ⅌ head, and some at the extreme of $4.

HIDES AND FURS—A duller demand for shipping purposes prevails and receipts are light. We quote for choice dry 16½c ⅌ lb, green salted 7c, green 6½c, culls 10@12, elk 22c ⅌ lb, deer 18@[illegible]c ⅌ lb dried and [illegible]c apiece green, mink skins each $1@1 [illegible], otter $[illegible]@5, beaver 75c@$1.

WOOL—Very few transactions are taking place; best grades quotable at 20@[illegible]c ⅌ lb; common to fair lots, 18@19c.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Trade is quiet and prices for seasonable goods firm at current quotations. Mitchell Wagons $130@14[illegible]; Bain 3 inch to 4 inch thimble skein, $150 to $160; Pacific do $120@150. Seasonable Goods are in full supply.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap standard 12½@13c; Flour qr sks 9½@10c; hf sks [illegible]@16½c; Grain 10½ oz 22x40 14@15c; Oat 23x40 14@15c; 28x36 1 @16c; Flax Seed 21x36 [illegible]c; Wool 8½ lb 40x90 [illegible]; Burlaps 40 inch 10, 10½, 11, 11½ and 12 oz 10@12c; Seaming Twine 3 ply [illegible] 40@45c; Roping, 5 ply flax and Jute, 40c; 4 4 Dutch Carpeting, and Matting 25c; Table Baizes 10 yard lengths wood and bronze patterns $6 per piece.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks on hand embrace full assortment; trade light, yet an active call for the favorite brands, like the Cordova kip and the genuine Webfoot boots for Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' wear; the Button Boots take the lead. We quote Webfoot 2 sole kip boots $51@54; Granger ½ ds kip boots $45@48; Mohawk standing boots, $[illegible] 50@[illegible]; Calf Dress boots, ds & ts $5 @60; Boys kip Cordova boots $30; Boys' Split do $21; 11 Rubber do, $31@57; Knee $48@51; Hibbard's hand made boots, Oregon manufacture Calf, kips ss tap pg $60; do do [illegible]ds pg $56; Oregon kips ss and tap pg $58; do do ½ds sewed $66; pg $58; Fr calf pg and sewed $72@79; Fr calf P E $68@72 50; Phila. calf ss $68@72 50; Fr kip extra $80@85; Men's Oxfords $36; Men's brogans kip $24@[illegible]; Women's calf balmorals $28 [illegible]@30; Misses do $22 50@[illegible]; Men's machine closed boots $48@50.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Mill prices delivered in the city are: Fir lumber rough $12 per M; edged $14; surface sheathing $16; siding $20; rustic $25; flooring, $22 50; roofing $17 50; seasoned flooring $25; one side planed $20; four sides planed, $[illegible]; side walk and wharf flooring $11; Laths, $3; Pickets, 1¼ inch lineal per 100 75c; Lattice 75c per 100; Shingles $2 50@$3 per M.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $2 25@$2 75; Jams and Jellies, $4 00; Los Angeles Honey $4 00; Strawberries, $4 00; Rasberries $4 [illegible]; Blackberries $4 00; Pine Apple $3 50; Green Gage, $3 75@$4; Peaches, $4 00@$4 25; Pie Fruit, $3@$3 50; Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@$3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $3 00@$3 2[illegible]; Tomatoes $2 00; Quinces $3.

CEMENT, &c.—New Jersey $6; Calcine Plaster $5; Land Plaster $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime $2 50; San Juan Lime $2 30; English Portland Cement, $6 75; Hoffman's New York Cement, $5.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices: Costa Rica, 25; Guatemala 23@23½; Java 28; J F Jones & Co's Ground Java 30c; Chartres 33c; Phœnix Premium, 22@23c; Rio 2[illegible]; Kona, 23c.

DRUGS—Jobbing rates are for Acid Citric $1 50@$1 60 per lb; Acid Tartaric 75c; Alcohol Eastern 95 per cent $2 60 per gal; Blue Vitriol, 11@11½c; Borax, refined 20c; Carbolic Sheep Dip, $2 40 per gal; Castile Soap mottled 14c per lb; White 28@30c; Corrosive Sublimate $2 10 per lb; Cream Tartar 50@52; Epsom Salts, 8@10c per lb; Ext Logwood 16@22; Gum Camphor 50@55c; Gum Opium $10 50 per lb; Gum Shellac 90c; Indigo Bengal $2 25@$2 50; Manila $1 25@$1 50; Madder 20@22c; Saltpetre 20@24c; Sassafras 20@22; Soda bi-carb, 8½@9c; Strychnine $2 [illegible] per oz; Sulphur 7@8c per lb.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills 16@16c, seconds 13c; sheetings light, 11½c; medium 12½c; standard 14@15½c; house lining 8½; bleached sheeting ¾ 9@[illegible]; do ⅞ 13½; do 4-4 12½@[illegible]; Cotton Checks 15@30; linen checks, 18@25c; cambrics 10c; Cotton flannel bleached 16@20c; do brown 1[illegible]@18c; Cottonades light 20@[illegible]; do heavy 25@[illegible]; Denims 16@30c; Hickory stripes 12½@25c; Standard prints, 11c, seconds do 9c; Delaines 18@20c; Linseys 20@30c; Ticks ⅞ 14½@30; do 4-4 20@35; Bear Duck 24c; Table Linen, damask brown [illegible]@60c; damask bleached 60@$1; Diaper linen, 30@37½c; Alpaca black 25@[illegible]c; Waterproof $1 10@1 [illegible]5; Crash, 10@13c; Ginghams—Domestic 16@20c; Scotch 22@30; Lawns 15@25c; Percales 15@[illegible].

FISH—Cod Pacific 8c; Eastern 9c; Mackerel No 1 ⅌ hf bbl $10 50; do No 2 $9 50; do kits No 1 $2 50; do No 2, $2 [illegible]; Salmon pickled hf bbl $[illegible]; bbl $9; Canned fresh 2lb cans $3 00 per doz; 1lb $2 25; Sardines qrs $2 25; hfs $3 50.

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Peaches 11½@12½; Hungarian Prunes 1[illegible]c; Plums pitless 12@1[illegible]c; Raisins in bxs $3 [illegible]; hf do $4 00@4 25; quarter $4 25@$4 50; eighth boxes $[illegible]; Zante Currants 10@11½c; Oregon do, 10@12c; Citron 40@45c.

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco, $[illegible]; refined bar ⅌ lb [illegible]c; Sheet, 14 to 20 9c; do, 24 to 27, 10c; Copper—Sheathing ⅌ lb, 42c; do Yellow 49c; Sheathing bronzed tinned 63c; do old 16c; Tin Plates—Plates charcoal IX per box, $17 50; do I C char $16; Roofing Plates $17; Banca Tin Ingots ⅌ lb 62½c; Steel—English cast steel ⅌ lb [illegible]c; Lead—Pig ⅌ lb 9@10; Sheet, [illegible]; Pipe 12c; Bar 10@10½c; Zinc—Sheets ⅌ lb 14c; Babbitt metal 30@40; Quicksilver 9[illegible]c.

NAILS—Quotable 60d to 10d $4 75 ⅌ keg; 8d $5 75; 6d $5 75; 4d and 5d $6 00; cut spikes $5 75 ⅌ keg; finishing and bradheads $1 ⅌ keg advance on corresponding sizes; common box nails 75c ⅌ keg advance on price of common same size.

NUTS—Almonds 25@30c; Brazil 20c; Filberts 22½c; Hickory, 20c; Peanut, 12c; Pecan 20c; Walnuts 12½@13c.

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—Family Blankets Superfine $22; XX $13; X $11 50; No 1 extra bound $10; No 1 bound $9 50; No 2 4 point, $8 [illegible]0; No 3 4 pt $6 50; Col'd Blankets 3 pt Gray black border $[illegible]; do fancy border $6 75; 3 pt Vicuna $7 00; 3 pt Scarlet $8 2[illegible]; 3 pt Green, $7 00; 3 pt Blue $6 75; 3 pt Indian Striped $7 25; 4 pt Gray, fancy B $7[illegible]; BB $6 7[illegible]; 4 pt Vicuna $9 25; 4 pt Scarlet $11; 4 pt Green $9 25; 4 pt Blue $9 00; 4 pt Indian $9 50; No 1 Gray $9 50; Flannels Blue Mix Twilled 52½c; [illegible] Scarlet [illegible]½c; White plain 42½c; Twilled 62½c; Fancy Shirting twilled [illegible]c; Plain Colored 40 to 4[illegible]; Scarlet plain 47½c; Cloths Hard Times $1@$1 15; Cassimeres $1 20 to $1 35; Cassimeres 6-4, $[illegible]; Doeskins $1 15 to $1 35; Tweeds [illegible] to $1; Yarn White and Gray $1 25; Scarlet $1 50; Repellant $1 10; Clouded $1 6[illegible].

OILS—The market is quotable for jobbing lots leading articles, as follows—Downer's coal oil, 45@50c ⅌ gal; Devoe's [illegible]; Standard [illegible]; Crystaline 50c; Gaslight 30c; China Nut Oil 90@$1; Lard Oil in cases extra $1 45@$1 50; No 1 $1 2[illegible]; In bbl extra $1 45; Linseed raw $1 10; boiled $1 15; Castor Baker's AA $1 [illegible]; Diamond $1 6[illegible]@1 [illegible]; Photolite [illegible].

PAINTS—White Lead Atlantic in kegs 12c per lb, in cans 12½; White Zinc V M Co cans 1[illegible]c; American 14c; Red Lead 13c; Litharge 12@15c; Venetian Red 6½@[illegible]c; Yellow Ochre [illegible]; Fire Proof Paint 6c; Lamp black 1[illegible]@[illegible].

RICE—The supplies are not excessive and jobbers receive through the San Francisco market; quotable China 6½@7½c; Patna [illegible]c; Island 8@8½c; No Carolina in market.

SALERATUS—Bartons 5@8½c; Donnelly's [illegible]; Babbitts 10@10½c.

SALT—Ground Rock $1[illegible] ton; Carmen Island $20@21; Liverpool, coarse in 100lb sacks $[illegible]; in 100lb sacks, $22 50; do fine in 100lb sacks [illegible]; do in 100lb sacks $3[illegible]; do in 50lb sack $[illegible].

SYRUPS—Selling here at San Francisco Refinery prices as full stocks were the rule at the time of the last advance. We quote at 77½c ⅌ gal in bbls [illegible] and [illegible]½c in kegs.

STARCH—The agents' rates with the usual discount off to the trade are: for Pearl 9[illegible]c; pure [illegible] lb boxes 10½c; 1 lb papers 11½c; silver gloss 6 lb bxs 1[illegible]c; 1 lb papers 1[illegible]c; Peoria Satin Glaze 13c; Corn 1 lb papers 13c.

SUGARS—The stocks here are up to the average in quantity, quotable as follows: Crushed, fine crushed and dry granulated 1[illegible] in bbls and 13½c in half bbls; powdered 1[illegible]c in bbls and 13c in half bbls.

SOAP—Quotable firm for R Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at [illegible]@6[illegible].

TURPENTINE—The market is quotable at [illegible]@70c ⅌ gallon.

It has surprised thousands to witness the beneficial effects which result from a use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. Consumption reaches its dreaded strength through neglected colds. These colds may be completely cured by the use of this preparation, also the many forms of bronchitis, whooping cough and other distressing accompaniments of consumption.

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Wingville

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Josephine.
Kirby
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[illegible] Creek
Waldo
Murphy

Lane
[illegible]
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Coast Fork
Camp Creek
Cartwrights
Crow
*Eugene City
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Goshen
Junction
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Mohawk
Pleasant Hill
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Rickreall
Zena

Tillamook.
Garibaldi
Kilchis
Netarts
Nestockton
Tillamook
Trask

Umatilla
Butter Creek
Heppner
[illegible]
Mc[illegible]ville
Lena
Milton
Pilot Rock
Pendleton
Umatilla
Weston
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Cove
Island City
*La Grande
North Powder
Orodell
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Lewis River
Pioneer
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La Conner
Lummi
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Orcas Island
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Skagit
Whatcom
Guemas

Whitman.
Ewartsville
Palouse

Yakima.
Attanum
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Konnewock
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Moxee
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Selah
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W N Smith	Waitsburg
Jos Stewart	P M Yakima

NEITHER falling teeth nor the peeping wrinkles of time so forcibly tell of advancing years as your gray hair. AYER'S VIGOR restores the color and makes your appearance more agreeable to others as well as yourself. With fresh luxuriant hair the infirmities of age are far less noticeable.

MARKETS.

EUREKA MARKET.

P. G. EDDY & CO.,
Cor. Third and Ash Streets,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of
Puget Sound and Columbia River Fish,
Oysters, Clams, Poultry, Game,
GENERAL PRODUCE, &C.
At reasonable prices.

In soliciting public patronage we feel assured that in giving [illegible] attention to business will receive a liberal share of public [illegible].

Hence our style will be
Cheap for cash you'll see
To friends and all
Then give us a call

REID & VESTAL,
BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market
SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!
J. S. KELLER,
Has returned to he
COR MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,
Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.
E. H. GARLING,
Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCLOIH
INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his
NEW BUTCHER SHOP,
Washington St., one door East of Third.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Front and First Streets.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the city of Portland propose to improve the following named Streets by laying the Nicholson Pavement with new curbs and sidewalks where necessary:

Front Street between the north side of Ash street and the center of Washington street.

First Street between the south side of Ash street and the center of Alder street.

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

March 5 1875. mar6d10d

Street Improvements.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve the following named streets by planking the roadway full width with new sidewalks where necessary:

Yamhill Street—from the west line of First street to the east line of Fourth street.

Stark Street—from the west line of Second street to the east line of Fourth street.

Oak Street—from the west line of First street to the center line of Third street.

Pine Street—from the west line of First street to the east line of Fourth street.

Ash Street—from the west line of Front street to the center line.

C, D and E streets—from the east line of North Front street to the east line of North Fourth street.

Second Street—from the north line of Ash street to the south line of Taylor street.

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

March 5 1875. mar6d10d

Ordinance No. 1603.

AN ORDINANCE TRANSFERRING A PORTION of the tax levied by Ordinance No 1597 entitled "An Ordinance levying a tax for General Municipal Purposes" to certain Special Funds.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. In order that the accounts of expenditures for Municipal purposes may be classified and kept under their appropriate heads and that such expenditures be as nearly as practicable limited to the several objects and amounts heretofore estimated, a portion of the tax levied by Ordinance No 1597 entitled "An Ordinance levying a tax for General Municipal purposes," is hereby transferred and set apart to the certain special funds in the Treasury, as follows:

To the Fund for Interest on Bonds fifteen per cent; to the Street Fund thirty-one per cent; and to the Police Fund twenty four per cent.

Such transfer to be made from time to time as the tax is collected.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W S CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk

Approved February 19 1875.

HENRY FAILING
Mayor

Ordinance No. 1608.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fire Department Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to the several objects hereinafter named, to be expended under the provisions of Ordinance No 1431 or in such other manner as the Common Council may by Ordinance direct:

For the construction of cisterns and connecting cisterns with water mains, twenty five hundred dollars.

For repairs to cisterns and cistern tops five hundred dollars.

For the erection and repairs of fire hydrants five hundred dollars.

For repairs to engine houses six hundred dollars.

For repairs to engines and fire apparatus and furnishing supplies to the Fire Department, one thousand dollars.

For the purchase of hose and couplings fifteen hundred dollars.

For the purchase of two hose carriages fourteen hundred dollars.

Section 2. The unexpended balances of all appropriations made out of the Fire Department Fund by Ordinances dated prior to January 1 1875 are hereby cancelled and returned to said Fund.

Passed the Common Council February 17 1875.

W. S CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING
Mayor

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRTUE of a Warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland dated Feb 26th 1875, commanding me to levy upon lots Number 3, 4 and 5 in Block 2[illegible] in the city of Portland and collect assessment thereon amounting to seventy eight 86-100 dollars ($78 86) for the improvement of Jefferson street, between West Park and Eighth streets, I have this day levied upon said Lots 3, 4 and 5 in Block 223, and on MONDAY, the 22d day of March 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House door in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said Lots to the highest bidder therefor to pay said assessments, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U S gold and silver coin.

J H LAPPEUS Chief of Police.

Portland Feb 26 1875. fe27law4t

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA,

Sore Throat, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry

[illegible]

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper. Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston. Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & Co., San Francisco, and by dealers generally.

PAPER HANGINGS
WILSON & FENIMORE,
MANUFACTURERS,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Samples Furnished.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

ALL POWERS OF ATTORNEY FROM ME prior to this date are cancelled.

JOHN A BRADLEY

March 2, 1875

LAW CARDS.

SYL. C. SIMPSON
JNO B. WALDO
SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No 12 Dekum's Building.

W C JOHNSON, F O McCOWN, J A MACRUM
JOHNSON, McCOWN & MACRUM.
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
OFFICE IN MONASTES BRICK, Above the Occidental Hotel, First Street, Portland, Oregon.

REMOVAL.
A C Gibbs
E G Hughes
GIBBS & HUGHES,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
Office in Ankeny's Building, First street.

Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State and pay particular attention to Business in the United States Courts.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms Nos 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

W. W. MORELAND,
Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.
OCULIST AND AURIST.
ROOM 2—DEKUM'S BUILDING CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.
Office Hours—10 to 12, 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACHER,
OFFICE—PFUNDER'S DRUG STORE.
Residence—Third street bet. Salmon and Main.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

RE-OPENED!
CLARENDON HOTEL!
Corner of F and First Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURNISHED throughout in a superb manner, is now open for the reception of guests.

The Finest Rooms and the Best Table, in Oregon at moderate prices.

Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads, and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company.

Street Cars pass the door.

Free Coach to and from the House.

Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.

HALLETT & KIMBALL.

THOMPSON HOUSE,
First and Jefferson Streets.

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	75

The House is new and hard finished, and the board is as good as any first class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Men with families will be charged moderately.
A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads.
Employers in want of help please call.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Family Physic,
CURING

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Gout, Stomach and Breath, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill and Purifying the Blood, are the most congenial purgative yet perfected. Their effects abundantly show how much they excel all other Pills. They are safe and pleasant to take but powerful to cure. They purge out the foul humors of the blood, they stimulate the sluggish or disordered organ into action and they impart health and tone to the whole being. They cure not only the every day complaints of every body but formidable and dangerous diseases. Most skillful physicians, most eminent clergymen, and our best citizens send certificates of cures performed and of great benefit they have derived from these Pills. They are the safest and best physic for children because mild as well as effectual. Being sugar coated they are easy to take, and being purely vegetable they are entirely harmless.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
DAVIS & SCHUYLER, Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

Ayer's Ague Cure,
FOR THE SPEEDY RELIEF OF

Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

℞ Has been widely used during the last twenty five years in the treatment of these distressing diseases and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes or chills, once broken by it, do not return until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy, and trusted specific for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayer's Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follow the cure. Indeed where Disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure but if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malaria it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents in Fever and Ague localities are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm has no speedier remedy.

For Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
DAVIS & SCHUYLER, Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

PORTLAND
LIBRARY ASSOCIATION
ROOMS,
Corner of Stark and First Streets,
(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.)
Nearly 7,500 Volumes.
And over 100 Papers and Periodicals.
Membership Free to All.
MONTHLY DUES $1 00. QUARTERLY DUES $3 00.

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M P Deady, President.
H. Failing, Vice President.
P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer.
M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary.
Henry A. Oxer, Librarian and Rec Sec.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In the matter of W H. Jordan & Co, bankrupts. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by John Morris, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and liabilities and other claims provable under said act, and that the twenty fourth day of March 1875 is assigned for the hearing of the same before H. H. Northup Esq, Register in Bankruptcy at his office in Portland in said District, when and where any person may attend and show cause if any they have why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

R. WILCOX
Clerk of said Court

mar2d1aw3t

SAN FRANC

N. W. SPA[illegible]
Saw-Smithing & Repairing
ESTABLISHMENT,
17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery,
SAN FRANCISCO

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT [illegible] inserted in circular saws.

REPAIRING in all its branches, [illegible] Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes [illegible] Muley, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and [illegible] kinds together with a good [illegible] at lowest market rates.

Cast Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and [illegible] ING CUTTERS always on [illegible] or made to short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, [illegible] Commission Merchants, Portland, [illegible] duly authorized Agents for Oregon, [illegible] Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent direct.

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE!
NEW REMEDIES! NEW [illegible]
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY STREET, COR. [illegible]

San Francisco, [illegible] 1854 for the treatment of [illegible] and Seminal [illegible] Gonorrhea, Gleet, Syphilis in all its forms, Weakness, Impotency, Diseases of years [illegible] Ulcers [illegible] cured.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of [illegible] he has returned from visiting the hospitals of Europe, and has [illegible] dispensary 623 Kearney street, [illegible] San Francisco where his [illegible] requiring his services may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither time [illegible] seeking out new remedies and has increased facilities for alleviating suffering.

Horrible D[illegible]

How many thousands [illegible] female are there who are suffering [illegible] existence from the effects of [illegible] from virus absorbed into the system [illegible] pallid, emaciated [illegible] disfigured [illegible] broken-down constitutions [illegible] the happiness of marriage or the [illegible] In this horrid situation thousands [illegible] closes the scene. Let parents, guardians, attend to those who are suffering [illegible] horrible, life-destroying maladies [illegible] cared for and cured before it be too late [illegible] immediately to DR. GIBBON [illegible] made private diseases [illegible] special [illegible] and who is certain to [illegible] without mercury or [illegible] important to those who are afflicted [illegible] are interested in the [illegible] careful of the many [illegible] all cities, publishing their [illegible] in a few days, imposing upon the [illegible] the names of eminent physicians [illegible] other places. Be [illegible] careful and [illegible] inquiry or you may [illegible] to the [illegible] charlatans.

Seminal Weak[illegible]

Seminal Emissions, the consequences [illegible] This solitary vice or depraved [illegible] practiced by the youth [illegible] both [illegible] unlimited extent producing [illegible] ty, the following [illegible] combatted by scientific medical [illegible] low countenance, dark [illegible] the head, ringing in the ears, noise [illegible] of leaves and rattling of chariots [illegible] the loins, weakness of the limbs [illegible] blunted intellect, loss [illegible] approaching strangers [illegible] quaintances, disposition to shun [illegible] memory, hectic flushes, pimples and [illegible] tions about the face, [illegible] coughs, consumption [illegible] frequent insanity. If relief be [illegible] apply immediately either in person [illegible] have a cure effected by his new [illegible] of treating [illegible] ing a quick and [illegible] Hundred Dollars to any person who [illegible] satisfactorily to him that he was [illegible] plaint by either of the [illegible].

Married M[illegible]

Or those who [illegible] ing under any [illegible] fearful [illegible] forget the [illegible] nor delay to [illegible] DR. GIBBON [illegible] patient a written instrument, binding [illegible] lect a radical and permanent cure [illegible] charge.

Caution to the Unfor[illegible]

Beware of the San Francisco [illegible] tenders who, with bogus [illegible] the unwary. Some of the self-styled [illegible] names are to be found in the daily [illegible] newspapers of San Francisco and [illegible] tradesmen and became too lazy [illegible] trades. Some are tinsmiths, shoemakers, carriers, intelligence office [illegible] way to avoid imposition is to make [illegible] cost you nothing, and may save you [illegible] for, as advertising physicians in eight [illegible] ten are bogus, there is no safety [illegible] them until you know who and what [illegible] Gibbon does not deceive people by [illegible] tities, certificates pretended [illegible] Dr. Gibbon will satisfy persons [illegible] office of his ability to treat [illegible] to cure.

Cured at H[illegible]

Persons at a distance may be [illegible] by addressing a letter to Dr. [illegible] symptoms, length of time the [illegible] and have medicines [illegible] damage and curiosity [illegible] with full and plain [illegible] Dollars coin in [illegible] office or through [illegible] medicine will be [illegible] Union. All communications [illegible] Address DR J F GIBBON, 623 Kearney [illegible] ner Commercial, San Francisco, [illegible] REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1[illegible] TER. Consultations FREE.

☞ Correspondents will please [illegible] BON that they read his adv [illegible] OREGONIAN.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE UNITED STATES DIS[illegible] —District of Oregon. Notice [illegible] In the matter of Joseph Kellogg [illegible] Notice is hereby given that a petition [illegible] in said Court by said Joseph Kellogg [illegible] bankrupt under the Act of Congress [illegible] 1867, for a discharge and certificate [illegible] all his debts and liabilities and other [illegible] ble under said act, and that the [illegible] of March 1875 is assigned for the [illegible] same before H. H. Northup Esq [illegible] ruptcy, at his office in P[illegible] and [illegible] when and where any person may [illegible] cause, if any they have, why the [illegible] tition should not be grant[illegible].

[illegible] Clerk [illegible]

fe15d1aw3t

IN THE UNITED STATES DIS[illegible] District of Oregon. Notice in [illegible] the matter of C H. Kellogg, bankrupt [illegible] hereby given that a petition has been [illegible] Court by said C. H. Kellogg, duly declared [illegible] rupt under the Act of Congress of [illegible] a discharge and certificate thereof [illegible] debts and liabilities and other claims [illegible] der said act, and that the fifteenth [illegible] 1875 is assigned for the hearing of [illegible] H. H. Northup, Esq, Register in Bankruptcy [illegible] office in Portland in said District [illegible] any person may attend and show cause [illegible] have why the prayer of said petition [illegible] granted.

[illegible] Clerk [illegible]

fe15d1aw3t

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT [illegible] District of Oregon. Notice in [illegible] the matter of O Kellogg bankrupt [illegible] by given that a petition has been filed [illegible] by said O Kellogg duly declared [illegible] the Act of Congress of March 2 1867 [illegible] and certificate thereof from all his [illegible] ities, and other claims provable under [illegible] that the fifteenth day of March, 1875 [illegible] for the hearing of the same before H [illegible] Esq, Register in Bankruptcy at his [illegible] land in said District when and where [illegible] may attend and show cause, if any they [illegible] the prayer of said petition should not [illegible]

[illegible] Clerk [illegible]

fe15d1w3t

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS [illegible] the Estate of ISAAC A. DAVENPORT, deceased are hereby required to [illegible] to the undersigned at their office [illegible] in the city of Portland, Oregon, [illegible] from the date hereof.

HAMILTON BO[illegible]
H. B. DAVENPORT
CHAS. E. SITTON

Portland Feb 4 1875

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE [illegible] States for the District of Oregon [illegible] signee of his appointment. At the city of Eugene the 13th day of [illegible] D 18[illegible] The undersigned hereby gives [illegible] his appointment as Assignee of H. J. [illegible] the county of Lane and State of Oregon [illegible] said District, who has been adjudged a [illegible] creditors' petition, by the District Court of [illegible] trict.

BYRON C. VAN [illegible]

fe16d1aw3t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE [illegible] States for the District of Oregon. [illegible] signee of his appointment. At the city of Portland the 9th day of [illegible] A. D 1875, the undersigned hereby [illegible] his appointment as Assignee of [illegible] Portland, in the county of Multnomah [illegible] of Oregon within said District, who [illegible] judged a Bankrupt upon his own [illegible]

JOSEPH BACH[illegible]

fe23d3t

VOL. XV.—NO. 30.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Shipping Intelligence.

[illegible] YORK March 9—The steamship Vasco de [illegible] sailed from Yokohama for San Francisco on [illegible] 7th.

Senator Booth's Arrival.

[illegible] YORK March 9—Senator Booth arrived to-[illegible]

Defalcation of Railway Employes.

CINCINNATI March 9—A defalcation of about [illegible]000 divided between ticket and freight offices [illegible] the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co, at Zanesville, Ohio has been discovered.

U. P. Election.

[illegible] YORK March 9—Jay Gould, Sydney Dillon [illegible] other directors of the Union Pacific Company, [illegible] to Boston last night to attend the annual election to-morrow.

Woman Murders Her Two Children, and then Takes Her Own Life.

NEW YORK March 9—Mrs. Evans, in Seymour [illegible], yesterday cut the throats of her two children, aged three and six years, and then cut her [illegible].

Another Black Hills Expedition.

[illegible]AGO March 9—A Wisconsin dispatch says a Black Hills expedition is fitting out at that place, [illegible] to start early in the spring.

Pinchback Still has a Chance.

[illegible]AGO March 9—The *Inter Ocean's* Washington [illegible] says enough is already known by the House [illegible] committee of the character of election [illegible] for members of the legislature to make it [illegible] that their revision of these affairs will not [illegible] the Conservatives a majority on joint ballot, so [illegible] Pinchback be not admitted to the Senate, [illegible] election held after the Wheeler compromise is [illegible] into effect, will be in control of the Repub[illegible].

The New Hampshire Election.

[illegible] March 9—The election throughout [illegible] is progressing quietly. Up to noon a larger [illegible] vote had been polled than ever before, both parties polling their full strength. There are but few [illegible] tickets.

[illegible] of the Ohio State Grange.

[illegible] March 9—The Ohio State Grange met to-day, between 100 and 200 delegates being in attendance. The morning was devoted entirely [illegible].

Gold and Stocks.

[illegible] YORK, March 9—Money closed at 3@4. Government active and steady. Gold closed at 1[illegible], active and unsettled. W U, 75¾; quicksilver [illegible]; Pac. 39¾; W F 86; N Y C 10[illegible]; Panama 1[illegible]; Union Pac., 47¼; Bonds 96½; Central [illegible] 97½.

WASHINGTON CITY.

From Tiffany back to Newman.

[illegible] March 9—Rev. John P. Newman [illegible] returned to the pastorate of the Metropolitan church of this city.

Republican Caucus.

[illegible] March 9—The caucus of Republican senators to-day chose Ferry, of Connecticut, President of the Senate pro tem, and on meeting the Senate, he was elected,—receiving 39 to 25 for Thurman. The caucus also approved the report of the committee on revision of the committees.

[illegible]rrangement of Committees.

[illegible] March 9—In the Senate standing [illegible] the following changes have been made [illegible] chairmanships; Conkling, for the committee [illegible] commerce in place of Chandler; Hamlin, on [illegible] on postoffices and post roads, in place of [illegible]; Oglesby on public lands in place of [illegible]; Ingalls on pensions, in place of Boreman; [illegible] on railroads in place of Stewart, Sargent [illegible] mines and mining in place of Hamlin, Boutwell [illegible] revision of laws in place of Conkling, Patterson [illegible] education and labor in place of Flanagan, [illegible] on civil service and retrenchment in place [illegible]. Two committees are given to the Democrats; Thurman being chairman of that on private [illegible] claims and Stevenson of that on revolution[illegible] claims.

Let in Pinch.

[illegible] March 9—After announcement of [illegible] standing committees in the Senate to-day, consideration of the resolution for the admission of [illegible]back was resumed, and Morton continued [illegible] argument.

Treasury Matters.

[illegible] March 9—It is intimated at the [illegible] department that the contemplated call for [illegible] retirement of the $30,000,000 bonds on account [illegible] sinking fund won't be made for a day or [illegible] and it is not yet decided what number of [illegible] will be called.

"Gov." Brooks, Etc.

[illegible] March 9—Gov Brooks, of Arkansas [illegible] ex Representative Poland had an interview with the President to-day.

Sergeant-at-Arms.

[illegible] March 9—The caucus discussed [illegible] of sergeant at arms, and the name of [illegible] Kennedy of New York was presented to succeed French, the present incumbent, who was [illegible] in 1869 over Kennedy. The question will [illegible] at the meeting of the caucus on Thursday, [illegible] the question whether it is expedient to [illegible] other changes.

Nominations by the President.

[illegible] March 9—The President nominated [illegible] H. Pardee U S. District Judge for Louisiana, [illegible] L. Bart Postmaster at Boston, Albert G. [illegible] of Michigan, Paymaster of the army.

Debut of Senator Booth.

[illegible] March 9—Booth's advent in the [illegible] to-day, where he was generally introduced [illegible] and Hager, attracted much notice, both [illegible] floor and galleries. He declares himself opposed to the Hawaiian treaty on the ground it [illegible] injure California refiners without cheapen[illegible] price of sugar. Friends of reciprocity say, [illegible] of course, it would not cheapen crushed, [illegible] as no provision is made for its free admission, [illegible] it would lessen the prices of brown sugar. [illegible] also express great surprise that Booth, after [illegible] elected on an anti monopoly platform, should [illegible] to uphold an acknowledged monopoly of San [illegible] sugar refiners.

[illegible] assignment to committees is in accordance with the general rule that new Senators are [illegible] given a place on more than one committee of [illegible] importance.

Kelly Goes on Railway Committee.

[illegible] March 9—Kelly, at the request of [illegible] Democratic colleagues, goes on the railway [illegible] notwithstanding one Senator from Oregon, Mitchell, has already been assigned to it by [illegible] Kelly relinquishes his position [illegible] mining committee, but remains on the public lands.

SENATE—EXTRA SESSION.

[illegible] March 9—In the Senate the secretary [illegible] a letter from Vice President Wilson, stating [illegible] inability to be present for a day or two. [illegible] submitted a resolution declaring T. W. [illegible] of Michigan, president *pro tem.* of the Senate. [illegible] asked that the election be by ballot, and [illegible] withdrew the resolution. Anthony and [illegible] were appointed tellers. Anthony nominated Ferry of Michigan. Stevenson nominated [illegible]. The ballot resulted—Ferry, 39; Thurman 25. Ferry was declared elected. Escorted to [illegible] by Thurman he briefly returned thanks [illegible] honor conferred, and promised an impartial [illegible] discharge of his duties.

[illegible] presented the credentials of Newton [illegible], United States senator from California for six [illegible] from the 4th of March 1875, which were read. Booth was escorted to the clerk's desk by Sargent and the oath administered by Ferry.

[illegible] motion of Anthony the Senate proceeded to [illegible] election of standing committees having first [illegible] suspended the rule requiring the chairman to be [illegible] by ballot. The list of standing committees [illegible] then read by Gorham. Chairmen are as before [illegible] announced. The positions of new Senators are as [illegible]: Privileges and Elections Cameron of [illegible] and McMillan; Foreign Relations, John[illegible] of Tennessee; Finance, Jones of Nevada and [illegible]; Appropriations Eaton and Wallace; Commerce, Cameron of Wisconsin, Burnside, McMillan, McDonald; Manufactures Booth, Bruce, Withers and Wallace; Military Affairs Burnside, Randolph and Cockerill; Naval Affairs, Whyte; Judiciary, Whyte; Postoffices Jones of Nevada, Paddock, Dawes; Johnson of Tennessee and Maxey; Public Lands Booth, Paddock, McDonald and [illegible] of Florida; Pensions Booth, Bruce, McDonald and Withers; Claims Christiancy, McMillan, [illegible] of Wisconsin, Caperton, Cockerill and [illegible] of Florida; District of Columbia Eaton, Patterson, Johnston of Virginia, Dawes and Kernan; [illegible] Buildings and Grounds, Paddock and [illegible]; Territories, Christiancy, Sharon and [illegible]; Railroads, Caperton; Mines and Mining, [illegible] and Randolph; Revision of Claims Christiancy, Caperton and Wallace; Education and Labor, Burnside, Bruce, Eaton and Maxey; Civil Service and Retrenchment, Randolph; Contingent [illegible] of the Senate Jones of Nevada (Chairman) and Dawes; Engrossed Bills Withers; Levees [illegible] Mississippi Cockerill.

CANADA.

Railway Property Destroyed by Fire.

[illegible] March 9—The Grand Trunk railway [illegible] at Port Saint Charles comprising a large [illegible] structure, 400 by 100 feet, freight car repair [illegible] and a brick building adjoining the upper part [illegible] which was occupied as general offices burned [illegible] morning. Loss estimated to amount to $100,000 [illegible] for $60,000, mostly in American companies.

[illegible] now to a considerable depth has again fallen [illegible] the Cascades between Jacksonville and [illegible] ville. The road over the same is in a bad condition.